UNIVERSITYOF **BIRMINGHAM**

University of Birmingham Research at Birmingham

In celebration of Professor Gus Born's life, 29 July 1921 - 16 April 2018

Warner, Tim D.; Halford, Gayle; Watson, Steve

DOI:

10.1080/09537104.2018.1535117

Other (please specify with Rights Statement)

Document Version Peer reviewed version

Citation for published version (Harvard):

Warner, TD, Halford, G & Watson, S 2018, 'In celebration of Professor Gus Born's life, 29 July 1921 – 16 April 2018', Platelets, vol. 29, no. 8, pp. 743. https://doi.org/10.1080/09537104.2018.1535117

Link to publication on Research at Birmingham portal

Publisher Rights Statement:

This is an Accepted Manuscript of an article published by Taylor & Francis in Platelets on [date of publication], available online: https://doi.org/10.1080/09537104.2018.1535117

General rights

Unless a licence is specified above, all rights (including copyright and moral rights) in this document are retained by the authors and/or the copyright holders. The express permission of the copyright holder must be obtained for any use of this material other than for purposes permitted by law.

•Users may freely distribute the URL that is used to identify this publication.

•Users may download and/or print one copy of the publication from the University of Birmingham research portal for the purpose of private study or non-commercial research.

•User may use extracts from the document in line with the concept of 'fair dealing' under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 (?)

•Users may not further distribute the material nor use it for the purposes of commercial gain.

Where a licence is displayed above, please note the terms and conditions of the licence govern your use of this document.

When citing, please reference the published version.

Take down policy

While the University of Birmingham exercises care and attention in making items available there are rare occasions when an item has been uploaded in error or has been deemed to be commercially or otherwise sensitive.

If you believe that this is the case for this document, please contact UBIRA@lists.bham.ac.uk providing details and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate.

Download date: 23. Apr. 2024

EDITORIAL: Special Issue of Platelets in celebration of Professor Gus Born's life, 29 July 1921 – 16 April 2018

All platelet researchers have heard of Gustav Born. More than 50 years ago he invented light transmission aggregometry which has been a central analytical and diagnostic technique ever since. However, Born's work in the area of platelets and vascular biology was so much more than simply inventing a technique. He made many of the seminal discoveries of the pathways of platelet activation and was one of the first to record platelets activating and responding within the circulation. In doing this work he directly and indirectly inspired generations of platelets researcher. He was still attending conferences at the age of 90, still sharing his knowledge and enthusiasm, still curious and eager for new ideas and discoveries, and still encouraging the new generation. Born's activities in these areas are captured in this Series by people who knew Born at some of the key points of his career. Of course, because Born was active in medicine and research for well over 60 years most of us only knew him in his latter days. To help us look back more completely through Born's career we are particularly grateful to Prof Clive Page and colleagues who have digitised an archive of films, two of which can be seen here (https://youtu.be/5HOLGLL7IJ4; https://youtu.be/KD-r5rvxclg). Another two very interesting interviews with Born that can also be easily found; one recorded at his home series reflecting physics Göttingen as а on at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HSc2Lz7vwFk&t=67s) and one from the British Pharmacological Society in which Born is interviewed by his long-time colleague and friend Prof Rod Flower (https://youtu.be/5HOLGLL7IJ4).

As the development of light transmission aggregometry represents only a small part

of Born's contribution to platelet research, platelet research represents only a small

part of Born's amazing life. His interest in platelets and bleeding followed from being

sent to Hiroshima as a young army doctor after VJ Day where people whose bone

marrow had been destroyed by radiation could no longer make platelets. He

reflected that his Father's student, Robert Oppenheimer, had led the team that had

produced the atomic bomb; his Father was Max Born the Nobel Prize winning

physicist. This explains why as a young man living in Germany Born knew Albert

Einstein, who he recalled was a good friend of his Mother, Hedwig, a published

poet. Possibly this artistic spirit passed down to Born's niece, Olivia Newton-

John. The name dropping and extraordinary anecdotes could continue for a long

time. Those of us fortunate enough to have met and talked with Born, or see him

speak about his life and career, have memories of the most captivating stories that

through one extraordinary life capture the essence of the 20th century, scientifically,

historically and even artistically.

This Series is a small remembrance of a remarkable man.

Tim Warner, Gayle Halford and Steve Watson

Emails: t.d.warner@qmul.ac.uk, g.m.halford@bham.ac.uk, s.p.watson@bham.ac.uk