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Letter to the Editor

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1 2	Letter to the Editor
3	Correction to Tsuji2017
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Tsuji 2017 Jappl Physiol (doi 10.1152/japplphysiol.00232.2017 state on page 3 "we are the first to demonstrate that hyperthermia-induced hyperventilation is not suppressed by the resultant hypocapnia" This is incorrect. Many previous studies in humans and other species have shown hyperthermia sustaining breathing and furthermore at PCO ₂ levels lower than Tuji achieved. Thus (Cunningham & O'Riordan, 1957) showed that hyperthermia in Man by 2.9 °C stimulated breathing at PCO ₂ levels of 25 mmHg, (Iampietro <i>et al.</i> , 1961) showed hyperthermia in Man by 3°F stimulated breathing with a PCO ₂ fall of 25 mmHg, (Rowell <i>et al.</i> , 1969) showed hyperthermia in Man by 1.5°C stimulated breathing with a PCO ₂ fall to 27 mmHg, (Saxton, 1975) showed hyperthermia in Man by 2.5°F stimulated breathing with a PCO ₂ fall to 22 mmHg and (Boden <i>et al.</i> , 2000) showed hyperthermia at 39.5 °C restarting
16 17	breathing during hypocapnic apnea at 11 mmHg.
18 19	Yours
20 21 22	Dr M.J.Parkes School of Sport Exercise & Rehabilitation Sciences University of Birmingham Edgbaston
23 24	Birmingham B15 2TT. UK. email:- M.J.Parkes@Bham.AC.UK
25 26	
27 28	Reference List
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Boden, A.G., Harris, M.C., & Parkes, M.J. (2000). The preoptic area in the hypothalamus is the source of the additional respiratory drive at raised body temperature in rats. Exp Physiol 85.5, 527-537. Cunningham, D.J.C. & O'Riordan, J.L.H. (1957). The effect of a rise in the temperature of the body on the respiratory response to CO ₂ . Q J Exp Physiol 42, 329-345. Iampietro, P.F., Mager, M., & Green, E.B. (1961). Some physiological changes accompanying tetany induced by exposure to hot, wet conditions. J Appl Physiol 16, 409-412. Rowell, L.B., Breugelmann, G.L., & Murray, J.A. (1969). Cardiovascular responses to sustained high skin temperature in resting Man. J Appl Physiol 27, 673-680. Saxton, C. (1975). Respiration during heat stress. Aviat Space Environ Med 46, 41-46.