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Search for scalar leptoquarks in pp collisions at \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV with the ATLAS experiment

ATLAS Collaboration

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PAPER

Search for scalar leptoquarks in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS experiment

The ATLAS Collaboration

Keywords: leptoquark, ATLAS, LHC

Abstract

An inclusive search for a new-physics signature of lepton-jet resonances has been performed by the ATLAS experiment. Scalar leptoquarks, pair-produced in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV at the large hadron collider, have been considered. An integrated luminosity of 3.2 fb⁻¹, corresponding to the full 2015 dataset was used. First (second) generation leptoquarks were sought in events with two electrons (muons) and two or more jets. The observed event yield in each channel is consistent with Standard Model background expectations. The observed (expected) lower limits on the leptoquark mass at 95% confidence level are 1100 and 1050 GeV (1160 and 1040 GeV) for first and second generation leptoquarks, respectively, assuming a branching ratio into a charged lepton and a quark of 100%. Upper limits on the aforementioned branching ratio are also given as a function of leptoquark mass. Compared with the results of earlier ATLAS searches, the sensitivity is increased for leptoquark masses above 860 GeV, and the observed exclusion limits confirm and extend the published results.

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1. Introduction

The large hadron collider (LHC) Run 2 has provided the possibility to study pp collisions at 13 TeV centre-of-mass energy for the first time, and has thus opened a new discovery window for physics beyond the standard model (SM). The presented analysis is an inclusive search for new physics phenomena resulting in final state signatures of lepton-jet resonances in the first 3.2 fb⁻¹ of 13 TeV data collected by the ATLAS detector. Such phenomena may not have been kinematically accessible at the lower Run 1 centre-of-mass energy of 8 TeV. As a benchmark signal model, scalar leptoquarks decaying to jets and leptons were used.

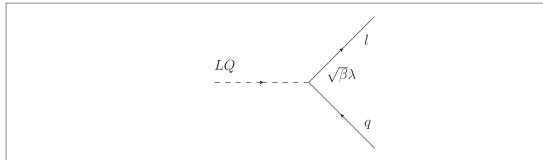


Figure 1. Feynman diagram showing the Yukawa coupling $\lambda_{\ell} = \sqrt{\beta} \lambda$ between a leptoquark, a lepton (ℓ) and a quark (q).

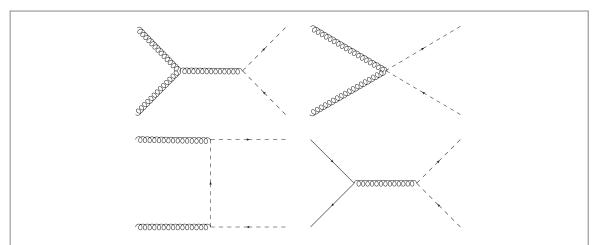


Figure 2. Dominant leading-order Feynman diagrams for the pair production of scalar leptoquarks from gluon fusion and quark–antiquark annihilation.

Leptoquarks (LQs) feature in a number of theories [1–7] which extend the SM, such as grand unified theories and models with quark and lepton substructure. LQs possess non-zero baryon and lepton numbers and their existence would provide a connection between quarks and leptons. This could help explain the observed similarity of the quark and lepton sectors in the SM. LQs carry a colour-triplet charge and a fractional electric charge [8]. They can be scalar or vector bosons and they decay directly to lepton—quark pairs. The analysis presented in this paper focuses on the pair production of scalar leptoquarks.

A single Yukawa coupling (λ_ℓ) governs the interaction strength between a scalar LQ and a given quark (q) and lepton (ℓ) pair. A Feynman diagram showing a LQ decay is shown in figure 1. The couplings are determined by two free parameters of the model: the branching ratio into charged leptons, β , and the coupling parameter, λ . The coupling to a charged lepton and a quark is given by $\lambda_\ell = \sqrt{\beta} \lambda$, the coupling to a neutrino and a quark by $\lambda_\nu = \sqrt{1-\beta} \lambda$. The pair-production cross section of leptoquarks in pp collisions is largely insensitive to the coupling values, since the basic processes of LQ pair-production are gluon fusion and quark-antiquark annihilation. Example LO diagrams are shown in figure 2. At a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, gluon fusion is the dominant process. For LQ masses (m_{LQ}) up to a few hundred GeV, it contributes up to 95% of the total cross section. Above $m_{LQ} = 1.5$ TeV, the contribution from quark-antiquark annihilation amounts to about 30% [9]. Therefore, the parameter of interest — apart from the LQ mass — is the branching ratio β .

The signal benchmark model for LQ production used in this analysis is the minimal Buchmüller–Rückl—Wyler model (mBRW) [10]. In this approach a number of constraints are imposed on the LQ properties. Lepton number and baryon number are separately conserved to prevent fast proton decay. The LQ couplings are also considered to be purely chiral. Furthermore, it is assumed that LQs belong to three generations (first, second and third) which interact only with lepton–quark pairs within the same generation. With this assumption, lepton-flavour violation is suppressed. However, in a more generic picture of leptoquarks, a LQ may couple to a quark and a lepton belonging to different generations [11]. Although the results of this search were not explicitly interpreted in this type of model, the event selections used were designed to retain sensitivity to leptoquark models in which decays into first or second generation leptons and bottom-quarks (b) are possible.

Previous searches for pair-produced LQs have been performed by the ATLAS and CMS collaborations [12–24] at $\sqrt{s}=7$ and 8 TeV. The existence of scalar LQs with masses up to 1050 and 1000 GeV (for $\beta=1$) for first-

and second-generation scalar LQs, respectively, is excluded at 95% confidence level (CL) by ATLAS [20] in a study performed at \sqrt{s} =8 TeV using 20 fb⁻¹ of integrated luminosity. The CMS experiment similarly excluded first-and second-generation scalar leptoquarks up to masses of 1010 GeV and 1080 GeV (for $\beta = 1$), respectively [21].

In this paper, searches for the pair-production of leptoquarks of the first (LQ1) and second (LQ2) generations, based on events containing exactly two electrons or muons and at least two jets (denoted by *eejj* and $\mu\mu jj$, respectively), are reported. In order to keep the search as inclusive as possible, it was not required that the charges of the two leptons in an event must be opposite. Similarly, no selections on the jet flavour were introduced so as not to exclude possible LQ $\rightarrow eb$ and LQ $\rightarrow \mu b$ decays.

2. The ATLAS detector

The ATLAS experiment [25] is a multi-purpose detector with a forward-backward symmetric cylindrical geometry and nearly 4π coverage in solid angle²²⁵. The three major sub-components of ATLAS are the tracking detector, the calorimeter and the muon spectrometer (MS). Charged-particle tracks and vertices are reconstructed by the inner detector (ID) tracking system, comprising silicon pixel (including the newly installed innermost pixel layer), and microstrip detectors covering the pseudorapidity range $|\eta| < 2.5$, and a straw tube tracker that covers $|\eta| < 2.0$. The ID is immersed in a homogeneous 2 T magnetic field provided by a solenoid. Electron, photon, jet and τ lepton energies are measured with sampling calorimeters. The ATLAS calorimeter system covers a pseudorapidity range of $|\eta| < 4.9$. Within the region $|\eta| < 3.2$, electromagnetic calorimetry is provided by barrel and endcap high-granularity lead/liquid argon (LAr) calorimeters, with an additional thin LAr presampler covering $|\eta|$ < 1.8, to correct for energy loss in material upstream of the calorimeters. Hadronic calorimetry is provided by a steel/scintillator-tile calorimeter, segmented into three barrel structures within $|\eta| < 1.7$, and two copper/LAr hadronic endcap calorimeters. The forward region $(3.1 < |\eta| < 4.9)$ is instrumented by a LAr calorimeter with copper (electromagnetic) and tungsten (hadronic) absorbers. Surrounding the calorimeters is a MS with superconducting air-core toroids, providing bending powers of 3 Tm in the barrel and 6 Tm in the endcaps. The MS includes a system of precision tracking chambers providing coverage over $|\eta|$ < 2.7. Three stations of precision tracking chambers are used to measure the curvature of tracks. The MS also contains detectors with triggering capabilities over $|\eta| < 2.4$ to provide fast muon identification and momentum measurements.

The ATLAS two-level trigger system is used to select events considered in this paper. The first-level trigger is hardware-based while the second, high-level trigger is implemented in software and employs algorithms similar to those used offline in the full event reconstruction.

3. Signal and background simulations

The PYTHIA 8.160 [26] Monte Carlo (MC) model, based on leading-order (LO) matrix-element calculations supplemented with parton showers, was used with the ATLASA14 [27] set of tuned parameters (tune) for the underlying event, together with the NNPDF23LO [28] parton distribution functions (PDFs), to produce simulated samples of pair-produced first- and second-generation scalar LQs. Leptoquarks of the first (second) generation decay to $e^+e^-u\bar{u}$ ($\mu^+\mu^-c\bar{c}$) final states. Samples were produced for LQ masses in the range of 500–1500 GeV. As was also done in the previous ATLAS publication [20], the value of the coupling parameter λ was set to $\sqrt{0.01 \times 4\pi\alpha}$, where α is the fine-structure constant. This value of λ determines the leptoquark natural width, which is less than 100 MeV and is smaller than the detector resolution for the reconstruction of leptoquark mass. It also leads to a LQ lifetime sufficiently small such that LQs in the mass range considered in this work would decay promptly. Next-to-leading-order (NLO) calculations [9] of the cross sections for scalar leptoquark pair-production were used to normalise the signal samples.

The dominant SM backgrounds arise from processes which can produce a final state containing two reconstructed high transverse momentum (p_T) leptons (electrons or muons) and jets. Simulated samples were made of Drell–Yan production $(q\bar{q} \to Z/\gamma^* \to \ell^+\ell^-)$ and the production of $t\bar{t}$, diboson (WW, WZ, and ZZ) and single top-quarks in association with a Wboson.

Drell—Yan events with associated jets were simulated using the SHERPA 2.1.1 [29] generator. Matrix elements were calculated for up to two partons at NLO and four partons at LO using the COMIX [30] and OPENLOOPS [31] matrix-element generators and merged with the SHERPA parton shower [32] using the ME+PS@NLO

ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the *z*-axis along the beam pipe. The *x*-axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the *y*-axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the *z*-axis. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$.

prescription [33]. The CT10 PDF set [34] was used in conjunction with dedicated parton-shower tuning developed by the authors of SHERPA [32].

For the generation of $t\bar{t}$ and single top quarks in the Wt channel, the POWHEG-BOX v2 generator [35–38] with the CT10 PDF set in the matrix-element calculations was used. For both processes the parton shower, fragmentation, and the underlying event were simulated using PYTHIA 6.428 [39] with the PERUGIA 2012 tune [40] and using the CTEQ6L1 PDF set [41]. The top-quark mass was set to 172.5 GeV. The EVTGEN v1.2.0 program [42] was used to simulate the bottom and charm hadron decays.

Diboson processes with four charged leptons, three charged leptons + one neutrino or two charged leptons and two neutrinos were simulated using the SHERPA 2.1.1 generator. Matrix elements contain all diagrams with four electroweak vertices. They were calculated for up to one $(4\ell, 2\ell + 2\nu)$ or zero partons $(3\ell + 1\nu)$ at NLO and up to three partons at LO using the COMIX and OPENLOOPS matrix element generators and merged with the SHERPA parton shower using the ME+PS@NLO prescription. Diboson processes with one of the bosons decaying hadronically and the other leptonically were simulated using the same SHERPA version.

All samples of simulated events include the effect of multiple proton—proton interactions in the same or neighbouring bunch crossings (pile-up) which were modelled by overlaying simulated minimum-bias events on each generated signal and background event. These multiple interactions were simulated with the soft QCD processes of PYTHIA 8.186 [26] using tune A2 [43] and the MSTW2008LO PDF set [44]. The number of overlaid events was chosen to match the average number of interactions per *pp* bunch crossing observed in the data as it evolved throughout the data-taking period (giving an average of 14 interactions per crossing for the whole data-taking period). The SM background samples were processed through the GEANT4-based detector simulation [45, 46], while a fast simulation using a parameterisation of the performance of the calorimeters [47] and GEANT4 for the other parts of the detector was used for the signal samples and some samples used for studies of systematic uncertainties. The standard ATLAS reconstruction software was used for both simulated and collision data.

Estimates of the cross sections of background processes were taken from the following theoretical predictions. Single-top production was calculated at NLO+next-to-next-to-leading-logarithm (NNLL) accuracy [48]. Estimates of Drell–Yan and $t\bar{t}$ production cross sections at NLO [29] and NLO+NNLO [49] accuracy, respectively, were used.

4. Physics object definition

The electron energy was measured using its associated cluster of electromagnetic-calorimeter cells with significant energy deposits, whereas the direction was determined by the track associated with this cluster. To identify and select electrons, requirements were placed on the shape of the cluster, on the quality of the associated track, and on the degree of matching between the track and cluster. Electron candidates must have transverse energy $E_T > 30$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.47$. Electron candidates associated with clusters in the transition region between the barrel and endcap calorimeters (1.37 $< |\eta| < 1.52$) were not considered. All electrons must be reconstructed with a cluster-based or a combined cluster- and track-based algorithm [50]. Furthermore, the impact parameters of the electron track relative to the beam line were required to satisfy $|d_0/\sigma_{d_0}| < 5$ and $|z_0 \sin \theta| < 0.5$ mm, where d_0 , σ_{d_0} and z_0 are the transverse impact parameter, its uncertainty, and the longitudinal impact parameter, respectively. In addition, electron isolation requirements were imposed on the summed transverse momentum of tracks (transverse energy of clusters) in a cone around the electron track (cluster barycentre). The radius of the cone around the track is $\Delta R = 10 \text{ GeV}/p_T$ for $p_T > 50 \text{ GeV}$ and 0.2 otherwise ²²⁶. For the cluster isolation, a fixed cone radius size of 0.2 is used. The efficiency of these isolation criteria is higher than 99%. The reconstruction efficiency is higher than 98% in most regions of transverse momentum and pseudorapidity. The identification efficiency varies between 75% and 92%, rising as a function of E_T [51]. All of these efficiencies refer to the efficiency for a single electron, independent of the specific event topology.

Muon tracks were reconstructed independently in the ID and the MS. These muon tracks were required to have a minimum number of associated hits in each system and to satisfy geometrical and momentum matching criteria. The two tracks were then used as input to a combined fit which takes into account the energy loss in the calorimeter and multiple-scattering effects [52]. To improve momentum resolution and ensure a reliable measurement at very high momenta, muon tracks were required to have at least three hits in each of the three precision chambers in the MS. Tracks which traverse precision chambers with poor alignment were rejected. Finally, measurements of charge over momentum, performed independently in the ID and MS, were required to agree within seven standard deviations of the sum in quadrature of the uncertainties in the corresponding ID

Here, $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta \eta)^2 + (\Delta \phi)^2}$ is a cone defined by differences in pseudorapidity and azimuthal angle. $p_{\rm T}$ is given in GeV.

and MS measurements. Muon candidates were required to have $p_{\rm T}>40$ GeV and $|\eta|<2.5$. Those falling in the overlap region of the MS barrel and endcap (1.01 $<|\eta|<1.10$) were rejected due to the potential $p_{\rm T}$ mismeasurement resulting from relative barrel-endcap misalignment. Muon candidates were required to fulfil $|d_0/\sigma_{d_0}|<3$ and $|z_0\sin\theta|<0.5\,$ mm. In order to reduce the background from light- and heavy-hadron decays within jets, muons were required to fulfil isolation requirements. The track-based isolation variable used is the sum of the transverse momenta of the tracks in a cone around the muon of size $\Delta R=10~{\rm GeV}/p_{\rm T}^{\mu}$, excluding the muon itself and with $p_{\rm T}^{\mu}$ in GeV. The isolation efficiency is greater than 99%. The efficiency for reconstructing and identifying muons using the criteria described above is typically greater than 80% for the transverse momentum and pseudorapidity selections used in this work [53]. As for electrons, these efficiencies refer to single objects.

The anti- k_t algorithm [54] with a radius parameter R=0.4 was used to reconstruct jets from energy clusters in the calorimeter [55]. Jet calibration is performed using energy- and η -dependent correction factors derived from simulations together with further corrections from *in situ* measurements. The jets used in this work must satisfy $p_T > 50$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.8$. Further selections were applied to ensure that all jets considered are well measured [56]. A description of the jet energy scale (JES) measurement and its associated systematic uncertainties can be found in [57]. Jet-flavour tagging techniques were not used in this paper and, as a consequence, good sensitivity was maintained for LQ decays into a lepton plus any quark flavour barring the top quark.

Ambiguities in the object identification during reconstruction, i.e. when a reconstructed object matched multiple object identification hypotheses (electron, muon, jet), were resolved in the following way. First, electrons were removed if they shared their track with a muon. In a second step, ambiguities between electrons and jets were removed; if the two objects had $\Delta R < 0.2$ the jet was rejected; if $0.2 < \Delta R < 0.4$ the electron was rejected. Finally, muon-jet ambiguities were resolved as follows: if the muon and jet were closer than $\Delta R = 0.4$ the jet was rejected if it has less than three tracks, otherwise the muon was rejected. For the definition of signal and control regions (see section 6) only objects remaining after this procedure were considered.

5. Dataset and event selection

Proton–proton collision data at a centre-of-mass energy of \sqrt{s} = 13 TeV, collected by the ATLAS detector at the LHC during 2015, were used. After applying data quality criteria, the dataset corresponds to an integrated luminosity of 3.2 fb⁻¹.

Events considered in the search were selected by the ATLAS two-level trigger system [58]. In the eejj channel, a two-electron trigger was used with an $E_{\rm T}$ threshold of 17 GeV for each electron. The $\mu\mu jj$ search used events selected by either of two single-muon triggers. The first trigger has a muon $p_{\rm T}$ threshold of 26 GeV and additional requirements on its properties. In particular, it requires the muon to be isolated, which leads to a loss in efficiency at high $p_{\rm T}$. To retain a high trigger efficiency in the region of high $p_{\rm T}$, the second trigger, which has a $p_{\rm T}$ threshold of 50 GeV but no additional requirements, was used. The trigger efficiencies for the eejj and $\mu\mu jj$ searches exceed 90% for the object kinematics considered in this analysis.

Multiple pp interactions during bunch crossings lead to events containing a number of reconstructed vertices. The primary vertex of the event is defined as that vertex with the largest sum of squared transverse momenta of its associated tracks. Events which contain a primary vertex with at least two associated tracks satisfying $p_{\rm T,track} > 0.4$ GeV were selected. Furthermore, MC events were given a per-event weight to correct for differences in the distribution of the average number of pp interactions per bunch crossing between data and simulation.

Only events with exactly two charged leptons and at least two jets were considered for this analysis. Scale factors were applied as event weights to correct the MC description of lepton trigger, reconstruction, identification, isolation and impact-parameter cut efficiencies. A description of the derivation of the scale factors, obtained by comparing data and MC predictions in dedicated studies, can be found in [50, 59].

6. Analysis strategy: signal, control and validation regions

The analysis presented here used signal (SR), control (CR) and validation (VR) regions to optimise signal significance and to constrain the normalisation of the main background sources. The latter are Drell–Yan events containing $Z/\gamma^* \to e^+e^-$, $\mu^+\mu^-$ +jets processes (hereafter termed DY+jets) and $t\bar{t}$ events in which both top quarks decay leptonically. The signal, control and validation regions were defined using the following discriminating observables:

- The dilepton invariant mass: $m_{\ell\ell}$.
- The scalar sum S_T of the transverse momentum of the two leptons and of the two leading jets.

Table 1. Definition of control, signal and validation regions. In all regions, at least	
two jets were required.	

Region	Channel	#e	$\#\mu$	$m_{\ell\ell}$ (GeV)	S _T (GeV)
tī CR	Both	1	1	_	
DY+jets CR	eejj	2	0	[70, 110]	_
	$\mu\mu jj$	0	2		
SR	eejj	2	0	>130	>600
	$\mu\mu jj$	0	2		
VR	eejj	2	0	>130	< 600
	$\mu \mu jj$	0	2		

• The minimum invariant mass of the two lepton–jet pairs in an event, m_{LQ}^{\min} . The lepton–jet pairs were chosen such that the invariant mass difference between them was smallest. The lower mass of the two combinations was chosen as the discriminating variable following dedicated sensitivity studies.

The signal region was defined by requiring $m_{\ell\ell} > 130$ GeV and $S_T > 600$ GeV. The cut on $m_{\ell\ell}$ was chosen to reduce the DY+jets background. The cut on S_T was optimised by maximising the discovery significance [60] for LQs with masses between 500 and 1500 GeV, i.e. by performing a likelihood fit (described in more detail at the end of this section) using the m_{LQ}^{min} distribution defined above for S_T values between 0 and 3 TeV in steps of 100 GeV. This study showed that there is little dependence of the optimised S_T value on the LQ mass when using the shape information of the mass spectrum. It was confirmed that the approach used in previous results, i.e. a cut-and-count analysis in several signal regions defined by varying cuts on the three variables mentioned above, does not give better sensitivity.

The signal selection efficiency is defined as the fraction of all simulated signal events, generated across the full phase space, that survive the trigger and the final SR selection. For leptoquarks of the first (second) generation, the overall selection efficiency rises from around 62% to 71% (38% to 43%) as the mass increases from 500 to 1500 GeV. The lower efficiency for second-generation leptoquarks is due to the muon track requirements, which demand hits in three MS stations, and which are needed to give an optimal momentum resolution at high p_T for this analysis.

Three non-overlapping control regions with negligible signal contamination were defined. Differences in the predicted and observed event yields in these regions were used to evaluate scale factors which were used to normalise the MC predictions for the $t\bar{t}$ and DY+jets backgrounds in the SRs. The two DY+jets CRs — one for the eeij and one for the $\mu\mu ij$ channel — were defined by requiring at least two jets and exactly two same-flavour leptons with a dilepton invariant mass restricted to a window around the Z boson mass: $70 < m_{\ell\ell} < 110$ GeV. The $t\bar{t}$ control region requires at least two jets, exactly one muon and exactly one electron: these events were selected with the same single-muon triggers as described in section 5. This control region is common to both channels.

Validation regions were used to verify that data and MC predictions agree in a phase space close to the signal regions, but still with a negligible signal contamination. This was achieved by applying the same selection as for the signal region, but inverting the cut on S_T , i.e. allowing only values below 600 GeV. The requirements for the various regions are collected in table 1.

For the statistical analysis, a profile-likelihood fit of signal plus background templates to the data was performed using the HistFitter package [61]. Systematic uncertainties, which are discussed in section 8, were incorporated into the likelihood as constrained nuisance parameters. The fit was performed in the CRs and the SR simultaneously and was used to extract normalisation factors, i.e. scaling corrections to the event yields predicted by theoretical cross-section calculations, described in section 3. In the CRs, only the event yield was used to extract the dominant background ($t\bar{t}$ and DY+jets) normalisation factors. In the SR, both the normalisation and the shape of $m_{\rm LQ}^{\rm min}$ distribution were used in the fit to extract the signal normalisation factor. The templates of the $m_{\rm LQ}^{\rm min}$ shape consisted of ten bins: six bins of 100 GeV width from 0 to 600 GeV and four bins of 200 GeV width that cover the range up to 1.4 TeV. The template for the signal was derived from MC predictions. For the background templates, MC predictions as well as data-driven techniques were used, as detailed in the following section.

7. Background estimation

Normalisation factors for the MC predictions of the two main SM backgrounds (DY+jets and $t\bar{t}$) were estimated with a fit to the data, as described in section 6. In total, four normalisation factors were calculated: one each for $t\bar{t}$ and DY+jets events in both the electron and muon channels.

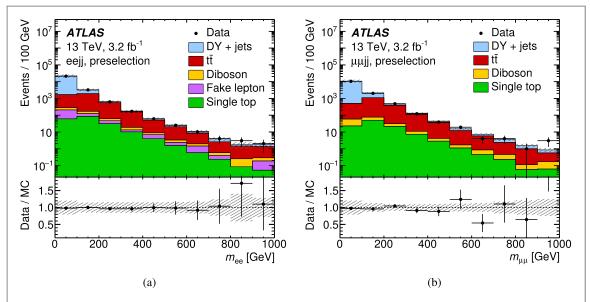


Figure 3. Dilepton invariant mass for pairs of (a) electrons and (b) muons in events containing exactly two reconstructed same-flavour leptons and at least two reconstructed jets. Data are compared to the background prediction. The DY+jets and $t\bar{t}$ expectations are shown without the normalisation factors from the fit described in section 6. The hatched bands show the total systematic uncertainty in the background prediction.

Smaller background contributions arise from the production of a single top quark in the Wt channel, diboson events and $Z \to \tau\tau$ +jets events. These were estimated purely from simulation, i.e. their normalisation was not a free parameter in the combined fit.

Misidentified or non-prompt leptons originating from hadron decays or photon conversions can arise in multi-jet events, single top production in the s- or t-channel, W+jets and $t\bar{t}$ events (with at least one top quark decaying hadronically). This fake-lepton background is negligible in the $\mu\mu jj$ channel. In the eejj channel it was evaluated using the same data-driven method as in [62]. This method was used to evaluate the migration of events among four different data samples: the nominal SR and three analogous samples selected with modified electron selection criteria. The migration between different regions can be described by a matrix, the elements of which are functions of the proportions of true and fake electrons. As a simplification of [62], the fake and real rates were evaluated as a function of p_T only, since they were observed to be independent of η within the required accuracy. They were considered to be the same for all electron candidates in an event. The fake background estimation suffers from low statistical precision. Its statistical uncertainty was treated as one source of the systematic uncertainty in the total background modelling.

Figure 3 shows the dilepton invariant mass for pairs of electrons (a) and muons (b) in events containing exactly two reconstructed same-flavour leptons and at least two reconstructed jets, following the selections given in section 5. This selection stage is also referred to as preselection. The predictions of various background sources are compared with the data. The hatched bands show the total systematic uncertainty in the background prediction. Within the uncertainties, agreement between data and simulation is observed. Normalisation factors for the MC predictions for DY+jets and $t\bar{t}$ events are not applied in the plot.

Figure 4 shows the spectrum of the minimum reconstructed lepton—jet mass in the $t\bar{t}$ control region before the fit. Within uncertainties, the data and MC distributions are consistent.

8. Sources of systematic uncertainties

The following sources of systematic uncertainty were considered:

- The uncertainty in the integrated luminosity is 5%. It was derived following a methodology similar to that detailed in [63], from a calibration of the luminosity scale using *x*–*y* beam-separation scans performed in August 2015. This uncertainty affects the predicted signal event yield and those background rates for which theoretical estimates are used.
- The JES uncertainty depends on the p_T and η of the jet and on the pile-up conditions in an event. A further uncertainty in the jet energy resolution was taken into account. These sources each correspond to uncertainties in the jet energy of up to 3%. The largest resulting uncertainty in the background event yields is

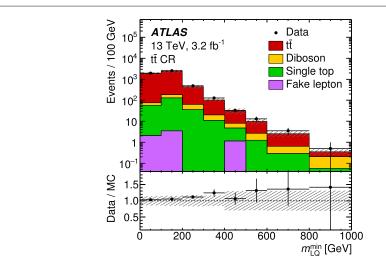


Figure 4. Minimum reconstructed lepton–jet invariant mass in the $t\bar{t}$ control region. Data are compared to the background prediction. The $t\bar{t}$ prediction is shown without the normalisation factor from the fit described in section 6. The hatched bands show the total systematic uncertainty in the background prediction.

about 10% in the control regions. In the signal region, the uncertainty in the event yields amounts to at most 5% for the background and less than 1% for the signal.

- The uncertainty in the lepton trigger efficiency scale factors is around 2% for the kinematic region considered here.
- Differences between the MC and data in the efficiency of the isolation requirement on the selected muons correspond to uncertainties of 1%–5% on the scale factor to correct the MC prediction. Other muon-related uncertainties arise from the momentum scale, resolution, and quality criteria and typically affect the muon event yields by around 1% in all regions for both signal and background.
- Uncertainties in the electron energy scale, identification and isolation affect the electron event yields by up to 2% in all regions for both signal and background.
- Uncertainties due to choices that have to be made in the event generation which affect final-state observables were estimated for the two major background sources: $t\bar{t}$ and DY+jets. These *modelling uncertainties* refer to e.g. possible differences in the generation of the hard scattering, scale dependencies, the parton shower and hadronisation and fragmentation models. Differences in the background modelling can change the event yields (total normalisation) in the CRs. Moreover, there is an uncertainty in the shape of the $m_{\rm LQ}^{\rm min}$ distribution in the signal region due to background modelling effects. This was estimated as one uncertainty per $m_{\rm LQ}^{\rm min}$ -bin in the signal region and propagated to the normalisation factor by the fit. The uncertainties were treated as uncorrelated between different bins.

The impact of modelling uncertainties in final-state predictions for $t\bar{t}$ processes was quantified by comparing various simulated samples: differences due to the parton shower as well as the hadronisation and fragmentation model were estimated by comparing the nominal sample to one that uses HERWIG++ [64], effects of additional or reduced radiation were estimated by varying the parton-shower and scale parameters within PYTHIA, and an alternative generator (AMC@NLO [65] with HERWIG++) was used to estimate differences in the hard scatter generation. The total uncertainty in the predicted $t\bar{t}$ event yield varies between 14% (in the $t\bar{t}$ CR) to about 30% (in the signal regions).

Modelling uncertainties for the DY+jets background were assessed with different approaches, simulation-based, as well as data-driven in different regions of phase space. The baseline estimate used events from the DY+jets control region with S_T higher than 600 GeV. In this region, the shapes of both the m_{LQ}^{min} and S_T distributions are very similar to those in the signal region, which differs only by the cut on the dilepton invariant mass. This cut was found to not affect the shapes of the other discriminating variables. The difference between the data and the background prediction in this region was used as an estimate of the modelling uncertainty.

The result was cross-checked using simulated samples in which the renormalisation, factorisation and resummation scales, as well as the scale for matrix element and parton shower matching, were independently varied up and down by a factor of two. Within the statistical uncertainties resulting from the limited number

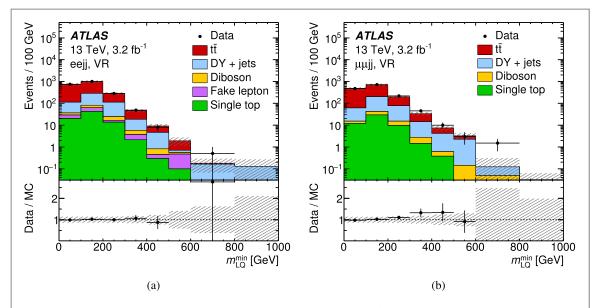


Figure 5. Minimum reconstructed lepton–jet invariant mass in the validation regions for pairs of (a) electrons and (b) muons. Data are compared to the background prediction. The DY+jets and $t\bar{t}$ expectations are scaled by the normalisation factors obtained from the fit described in section 6. The hatched bands show the total systematic uncertainty in the background prediction.

Table 2. Normalisation factors for the main backgrounds obtained from the combined fit in each of the channels.

Channel	DY+jets	$t \bar{t}$	
еејј µµјј	0.9 ± 0.1 0.9 ± 0.1	$1.0 \pm 0.1 \\ 1.0^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$	

of events in these samples, the estimate from the data-driven approach was confirmed. The result is a 10% uncertainty in the DY+jets event yield in the control regions and 20% in each $m_{\rm LQ}^{\rm min}$ bin in the signal region.

- PDF uncertainties on the $t\bar{t}$ and DY+jets normalisation as well as the m_{LQ}^{min} shape amount to less than 4% and do not affect the final result given the large modelling uncertainties described above.
- The effects of higher-order contributions on the signal cross section were estimated by varying the QCD renormalisation and factorisation scales, set to a common value, up and down by a factor of two, as done in [9]. One half of the difference between the predicted cross section for the increased and reduced scale choice is used as the cross section uncertainty for a given mass. This uncertainty lies in the the range 12%–17% for the mass points considered in this paper.
- The impact of theoretical uncertainties related to the parton-shower algorithm and multiple-interactions tune were evaluated by varying the corresponding parameters, as specified in [66]. This leads to an uncertainty in signal acceptance of up to 2%.
- The uncertainty in the signal cross section due to the choice of PDF set was calculated as the envelope of the predictions of 40 different CTEQ6.6 NLO error sets [9]. The uncertainty ranges from 11% at $m_{LQ} = 500$ GeV to 34% at $m_{LQ} = 1500$ GeV. The predicted signal acceptance was studied using NNPDF23LO [28], CT14 [67] and MMHT14 [68] PDF sets. The acceptance is very insensitive to the choice of parton distribution function; the systematic uncertainty from this source is less than 1%.

9. Results

The results are consistent with SM expectations. The normalisation factors obtained in the fit described in section 6 are summarised in table 2. Similar results are obtained in the two channels and the normalisation factors are found to be compatible with unity within the uncertainties. The reliability of extrapolating the background predictions from the control regions to the signal region was checked in the VRs defined in section 6. The distribution of $m_{\rm LQ}^{\rm min}$ in the two validation regions is compared to the background prediction after the fit in figure 5. Within the uncertainties, the predictions are compatible with the observed data.

Table 3. Observed and predicted event yields in the signal and control regions in the *eejj* channel. The background prediction with its total uncertainty after the fit is shown. The fit is performed using only the control regions as input. The lower part of the table shows the separate contributions from the different background processes and their total uncertainty after the fit. In addition, the expected signal event yields for $\beta=1$ and LQ masses of 500, 1000, and 1500 GeV are given.

	SR	CR DY+jets	CR tī
Observed events	279	20328	5194
Total background events	300 ± 30	20300 ± 200	5200 ± 50
Fitted DY+jets events	74 ± 7	19100 ± 200	< 0.01
Fitted $t\bar{t}$ events	190 ± 30	1060 ± 10	4840 ± 40
MC predicted diboson events	12.5 ± 0.6	63 ± 3	115 ± 6
MC predicted single-top events	20 ± 1	42 ± 2	230 ± 10
Estimated fake-lepton events	9 ± 4	120 ± 10	6 ± 3
MC exp. signal events ($m_{LO} = 500 \text{ GeV}$)	1000 ± 100	26 ± 4	< 0.01
MC exp. signal events ($m_{LQ} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$)	13 ± 2	0.03 ± 0.00	< 0.01
MC exp. signal events ($m_{LQ} = 1500 \text{ GeV}$)	0.6 ± 0.1	< 0.01	< 0.01

Table 4. Observed and predicted event yields in the signal and control regions in the $\mu\mu jj$ channel. The background prediction with its total uncertainty after the fit is shown. The fit is performed using only the control regions as input. The lower part of the table shows the separate contributions from the different background processes and their total uncertainty after the fit. Where no number is given, the contribution is found to be negligible. In addition, the expected signal event yields for $\beta=1$ and LQ masses of 500, 1000, and 1500 GeV are given.

	SR	CR DY+jets	CR t t
Observed events	188	10233	5194
Fitted background events	200 ± 30	10200 ± 100	5200 ± 70
Fitted DY+jets events	56 ± 8	9800 ± 100	9 ± 1
Fitted $t\bar{t}$ events	120 ± 30	400 ± 20	4840 ± 80
MC predicted diboson events	8.6 ± 0.6	32 ± 3	115 ± 10
MC predicted single-top events	12.8 ± 0.9	18 ± 2	230 ± 20
Estimated fake-lepton events	_	_	_
MC exp. signal events ($m_{LO} = 500 \text{ GeV}$)	610 ± 40	25 ± 2	3 ± 3
MC exp. signal events ($m_{LQ} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$)	8.0 ± 0.8	0.08 ± 0.01	0.1 ± 0.1
MC exp. signal events ($m_{LQ} = 1500 \text{ GeV}$)	0.33 ± 0.06	< 0.01	< 0.01

The observed and expected event yields in the signal regions for the eejj and the $\mu\mu jj$ channels, after the fits, are shown in tables 3 and 4, respectively. The values in these tables are intended to illustrate the sensitivity independent of a specific signal hypothesis and thus, in this case, the fit was performed using only the control regions as input. The resulting fit parameters (DY+jets and $t\bar{t}$ normalisation factors and values of the nuisance parameters) were transferred to the signal region, using appropriate transfer factors based on the MC models. The different contributions to the background do not necessarily exactly sum to the total quoted number of background events owing to the rounding scheme used. The dominant experimental systematic uncertainties in the background prediction arise from uncertainties on corrections to the simulated electron and muon trigger efficiencies and the JES; the latter source gives an uncertainty of 2%–4% in the signal region. The luminosity uncertainty of 5% contributes for simulated backgrounds not constrained by the fit (diboson and single-top production). The theoretical uncertainties after the fit range from 3% to 12% for the DY+jets background and from 3% to 16% for the $t\bar{t}$ background. The global fit takes correlations of the nuisance parameters into account, which results in the uncertainty in the total background being smaller than the quadratic sum of the uncertainties in the separate components. The contribution of $Z \to \tau \tau +$ jets to the background is negligible and not shown in the tables.

Figure 6 shows the SR distribution of m_{LQ}^{min} compared to background predictions based on the combined fit in the CRs and the SR. The signal prediction for a LQ of mass 1.1 TeV is also shown. The wider signal shape in the muon channel compared to the electron channel is due the worsening of the muon momentum resolution with increasing momentum. Again, no significant deviation from the SM predictions was observed. Limits on the LQ

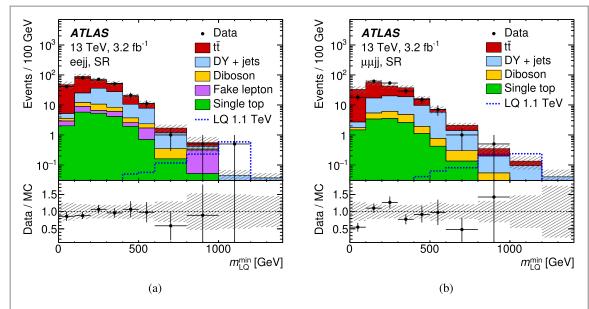


Figure 6. Distribution of the minimum reconstructed LQ candidate mass, $m_{\rm LQ}^{\rm min}$, in the signal region of (a) the first-generation leptoquark search and (b) the second-generation search. Data are compared to the background prediction. The DY+jets and $t\bar{t}$ expectations are scaled by the normalisation factors obtained from the fit described in section 6. The signal expectation for a LQ of mass 1.1 TeV is also shown. The hatched bands show the total systematic uncertainty in the background prediction.

signal strength were derived using pseudo-experiments and following a modified frequentist CL_s method [69]. Apart from the luminosity uncertainty (5%), dominant uncertainties in the signal event yields arise from lepton scale factors and are of the order of 2%–5% at low masses and up to 10% at high masses.

In figure 7, limits on the cross section times branching ratio are shown on the left, for leptoquarks of the first (second) generation in the top (bottom) plot. The expected limit is depicted by the dashed line; the uncertainty bands result from considering all sources of systematic as well as statistical uncertainties. The observed limit is given by the solid line. The NLO pair-production cross section for $\beta = 1$ is shown as a line with a shaded band representing the uncertainties. The shaded band around it illustrates the uncertainties in the theoretical prediction due to PDF and scale uncertainties. The intersection of this line with the cross-section limits yields the lower limit on the leptoquark mass for a value of $\beta = 1$. These observed (expected) limits are found to be 1100 (1160 GeV) and 1050 GeV (1040 GeV) for first- and second-generation LQs, respectively. The observed limit for each channel is stronger than the previous bound [20] by 50 GeV. The expected limits are improved by 110 GeV for the first-generation search and by 40 GeV in the second generation search. The theoretical cross section was scaled by β^2 and then used to obtain the limits on the branching ratio as a function of the LQ mass shown on the right of figure 7. Below LQ masses of 650 GeV, the limits on β are weaker than those obtained at 8 TeV centre-ofmass energy, which are shown as the dashed-dotted line, owing to the much lower integrated luminosity collected in 2015 and the effects of background at lower LQ masses. At high masses (above 900GeV), however, the gain in the production cross section at 13 TeV compensates for the smaller luminosity and stronger bounds than at 8 TeV are obtained. In the intermediate mass region, the results are comparable. Mass limits for various values of β are summarised in table 5.

10. Summary and conclusions

Searches for first- and second-generation scalar leptoquarks, pair-produced in pp collisions at 13 TeV centre-of-mass energy, have been performed with the ATLAS detector at the LHC. An integrated luminosity of 3.2 fb⁻¹ of data was used. No significant excess above the SM background expectation was observed in either channel. The results were interpreted in the framework of the mBRW model. Mass-dependent limits were derived on the pair-production cross section times the square of the branching ratio (β^2) and on β . For $\beta=1$, the observed (expected) LQ mass limits at 95% CL are 1100 and 1050 GeV (1160 and 1040 GeV) for first- and second-generation leptoquarks, respectively. The observed bounds are more stringent than the previous ATLAS limits by 50 GeV in each channel. This analysis is the first result at 13 TeV using the Run 2 data collected by the ATLAS experiment in a program of high precision inclusive searches for resonant signatures involving a lepton and a jet.

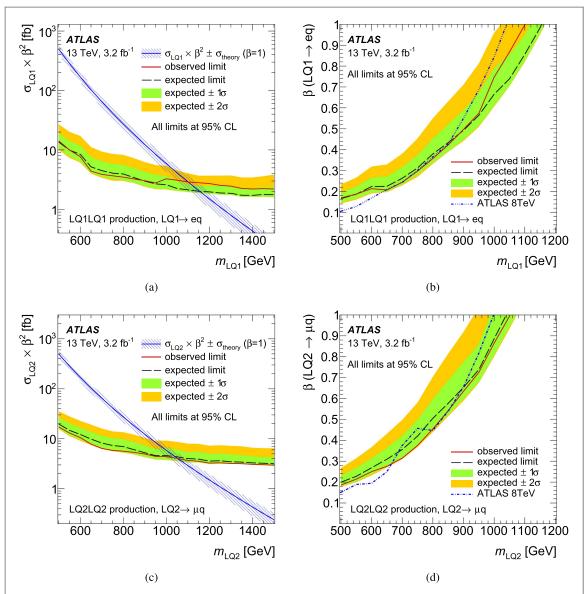


Figure 7. The cross-section limits (a) on scalar LQ pair production times the square of the branching ratio as a function of mass and (b) limits on the branching ratio as a function of mass for first-generation leptoquarks. Analogous limits are shown for second-generation leptoquarks in (c) and (d). Expected and observed limits are also shown. The uncertainty bands on the expected limit represent all sources of systematic and statistical uncertainty. On the left, the expected NLO production cross section ($\beta = 1.0$) for scalar leptoquark pair-production and its corresponding theoretical uncertainty due to the choice of PDF set and renormalisation/factorisation scale are also included. The observed limit from the 8 TeV analysis is also shown on plots (b) and (d) [20].

Table 5. Expected and observed 95% CL lower limits on first- and second-generation leptoquark masses for different assumptions of β .

β	95% CL limit on					
P	$m_{\rm LQ1} ({ m GeV})$		$m_{\rm LQ2}({ m GeV})$			
	Expected	Observed	Expected	Observed		
1.00	1160	1100	1040	1050		
0.75	1050	1000	950	960		
0.50	900	900	800	830		
0.25	680	700	580	600		

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 $\label{eq:masses} \begin{array}{l} M \ Aaboud^{136d}, G \ Aad^{87}, B \ Abbott^{114}, J \ Abdallah^{65}, O \ Abdinov^{12}, B \ Abeloos^{118}, R \ Aben^{108}, O \ S \ AbouZeid^{138}, \\ N \ L \ Abraham^{150}, H \ Abramowicz^{154}, H \ Abreu^{153}, R \ Abreu^{117}, Y \ Abulaiti^{147a,147b}, B \ S \ Acharya^{164a,164b,179}, \\ L \ Adamczyk^{40a}, D \ L \ Adams^{27}, J \ Adelman^{109}, S \ Adomeit^{101}, T \ Adye^{132}, A \ A \ Affolder^{76}, T \ Agatonovic-Jovin^{14}, \\ J \ Agricola^{56}, J \ A \ Aguilar-Saavedra^{127a,127f}, S \ P \ Ahlen^{24}, F \ Ahmadov^{67,180}, G \ Aielli^{134a,134b}, H \ Akerstedt^{147a,147b}, \\ T \ P \ A \ Åkesson^{83}, A \ V \ Akimov^{97}, G \ L \ Alberghi^{22a,22b}, J \ Albert^{169}, S \ Albrand^{57}, M \ J \ Alconada \ Verzini^{73}, \\ M \ Aleksa^{32}, I \ N \ Aleksandrov^{67}, C \ Alexa^{28b}, G \ Alexander^{154}, T \ Alexopoulos^{10}, M \ Alhroob^{114}, M \ Aliev^{75a,75b}, \\ G \ Alimonti^{93a}, J \ Alison^{33}, S \ P \ Alkire^{37}, B \ M \ M \ Allbrooke^{150}, B \ W \ Allen^{117}, P \ P \ Alloisio^{105a,105b}, \end{array}$

A Alonso³⁸, F Alonso⁷³, C Alpigiani¹³⁹, M Alstaty⁸⁷, B Alvarez Gonzalez³², D Álvarez Piqueras¹⁶⁷, M G Alviggi 105a,105b, B T Amadio 16, K Amako 68, Y Amaral Coutinho 26a, C Amelung 25, D Amidei 91, S P Amor Dos Santos^{127a,127c}, A Amorim^{127a,127b}, S Amoroso³², G Amundsen²⁵, C Anastopoulos¹⁴⁰, L S Ancu⁵¹, N Andari¹⁰⁹, T Andeen¹¹, C F Anders^{60b}, G Anders³², J K Anders⁷⁶, K J Anderson³³, A Andreazza^{93a,93b} V Andrei^{60a}, S Angelidakis⁹, I Angelozzi¹⁰⁸, P Anger⁴⁶, A Angerami³⁷, F Anghinolfi³², A V Anisenkov^{110,181}, N Anjos¹³, A Annovi^{125a,125b}, M Antonelli⁴⁹, A Antonov⁹⁹, F Anulli^{133a}, M Aoki⁶⁸, L Aperio Bella¹⁹, G Arabidze⁹², Y Arai⁶⁸, J P Araque^{127a}, A T H Arce⁴⁷, F A Arduh⁷³, J-F Arguin⁹⁶, S Argyropoulos⁶⁵, M Arik^{20a}, A J Armbruster¹⁴⁴, L J Armitage⁷⁸, O Arnaez³², H Arnold⁵⁰, M Arratia³⁰, O Arslan²³, A Artamonov⁹⁸, G Artoni¹²¹, S Artz⁸⁵, S Asai¹⁵⁶, N Asbah⁴⁴, A Ashkenazi¹⁵⁴, B Åsman^{147a,147b}, L Asquith¹⁵⁰, K Assamagan²⁷, R Astalos^{145a}, M Atkinson¹⁶⁶, N B Atlay¹⁴², K Augsten¹²⁹, G Avolio³², B Axen¹⁶, M K Ayoub¹¹⁸, G Azuelos^{96,182}, M A Baak³², A E Baas^{60a}, M J Baca¹⁹, H Bachacou¹³⁷, K Bachas^{75a,75b}, M Backes³², M Backhaus³², P Bagiacchi^{133a,133b}, P Bagnaia^{133a,133b}, Y Bai^{35a}, J T Baines¹³², O K Baker¹⁷⁶, E M Baldin^{110,181}, P Balek¹³⁰, T Balestri¹⁴⁹, F Balli¹³⁷, W K Balunas¹²³, E Banas⁴¹, Sw Banerjee^{173,183}, A A E Bannoura¹⁷⁵, L Barak³², E L Barberio⁹⁰, D Barberis^{52a,52b}, M Barbero⁸⁷, T Barillari¹⁰², T Barklow¹⁴⁴, N Barlow³⁰, S L Barnes⁸⁶, BMBarnett¹³², RMBarnett¹⁶, ZBarnovska⁵, ABaroncelli^{135a}, GBarone²⁵, AJBarr¹²¹, LBarranco Navarro¹⁶⁷, F Barreiro⁸⁴, J Barreiro Guimarães da Costa^{35a}, R Bartoldus¹⁴⁴, A E Barton⁷⁴, P Bartos^{145a}, A Basalaev¹²⁴, A Bassalat¹¹⁸, R L Bates⁵⁵, S J Batista¹⁵⁹, J R Batley³⁰, M Battaglia¹³⁸, M Bauce^{133a,133b}, F Bauer¹³⁷, H S Bawa^{144,184}, J B Beacham¹¹², M D Beattie⁷⁴, T Beau⁸², P H Beauchemin¹⁶², P Bechtle²³, H P Beck^{18,185}, K Becker¹²¹, M Becker⁸⁵, M Beckingham¹⁷⁰, C Becot¹¹¹, A J Beddall^{20e}, A Beddall^{20b}, V A Bednyakov⁶⁷, M Bedognetti¹⁰⁸, CP Bee¹⁴⁹, LJ Beemster¹⁰⁸, TA Beermann³², M Begel²⁷, JK Behr⁴⁴, C Belanger-Champagne⁸⁹, A S Bell⁸⁰, G Bella¹⁵⁴, L Bellagamba^{22a}, A Bellerive³¹, M Bellomo⁸⁸, K Belotskiy⁹⁹, O Beltramello³², N L Belyaev⁹⁹, O Benary¹⁵⁴, D Benchekroun^{136a}, M Bender¹⁰¹, K Bendtz^{147a,147b}, N Benekos¹⁰, Y Benhammou¹⁵⁴, E Benhar Noccioli¹⁷⁶, J Benitez⁶⁵, D P Benjamin⁴⁷, J R Bensinger²⁵, S Bentvelsen¹⁰⁸, L Beresford¹²¹, M Beretta⁴⁹, D Berge¹⁰⁸, E Bergeaas Kuutmann¹⁶⁵, N Berger⁵, J Beringer¹⁶, S Berlendis⁵⁷, N R Bernard⁸⁸, C Bernius¹¹¹, F U Bernlochner²³, T Berry⁷⁹, P Berta¹³⁰, C Bertella⁸⁵, G Bertoli^{147a,147b}, F Bertolucci^{125a,125b}, I A Bertram⁷⁴, C Bertsche⁴⁴, D Bertsche¹¹⁴, G J Besjes³⁸, O Bessidskaia Bylund^{147a,147b}, M Bessner⁴⁴, N Besson¹³⁷, C Betancourt⁵⁰, S Bethke¹⁰², A J Bevan⁷⁸, W Bhimji¹⁶, R M Bianchi¹²⁶, L Bianchini²⁵, M Bianco³², O Biebel¹⁰¹, D Biedermann¹⁷, R Bielski⁸⁶, N V Biesuz^{125a,125b}, M Biglietti^{135a}, J Bilbao De Mendizabal⁵¹, H Bilokon⁴⁹, M Bindi⁵⁶, S Binet¹¹⁸, A Bingul^{20b}, C Bini^{133a,133b}, S Biondi^{22a,22b}, D M Bjergaard⁴⁷, C W Black¹⁵¹, JE Black¹⁴⁴, KM Black²⁴, D Blackburn¹³⁹, RE Blair⁶, J-B Blanchard¹³⁷, JE Blanco⁷⁹, T Blazek^{145a}, I Bloch⁴⁴, C Blocker²⁵, W Blum^{85,224}, U Blumenschein⁵⁶, S Blunier^{34a}, G I Bobbink¹⁰⁸, V S Bobrovnikov^{110,181}, S S Bocchetta⁸³, A Bocci⁴⁷, C Bock¹⁰¹, M Boehler⁵⁰, D Boerner¹⁷⁵, J A Bogaerts³², D Bogavac¹⁴, A G Bogdanchikov¹¹⁰, C Bohm^{147a}, V Boisvert⁷⁹, P Bokan¹⁴, T Bold^{40a}, A S Boldyrev^{164a,164c}, M Bomben⁸², M Bona⁷⁸, M Boonekamp¹³⁷, A Borisov¹³¹, G Borissov⁷⁴, J Bortfeldt¹⁰¹, D Bortoletto¹²¹, V Bortolotto^{62a,62b,62c}, K Bos¹⁰⁸, D Boscherini^{22a}, M Bosman¹³, J D Bossio Sola²⁹, J Boudreau¹²⁶, J Bouffard², E V Bouhova-Thacker⁷⁴, D Boumediene³⁶, C Bourdarios¹¹⁸, S K Boutle⁵⁵, A Boveia³², J Boyd³², I R Boyko⁶⁷, J Bracinik¹⁹, A Brandt⁸, G Brandt⁵⁶, O Brandt^{60a}, U Bratzler¹⁵⁷, B Brau⁸⁸, J E Brau¹¹⁷, H M Braun^{175,224}, W D Breaden Madden⁵⁵, K Brendlinger¹²³, A J Brennan⁹⁰, L Brenner¹⁰⁸, R Brenner¹⁶⁵, S Bressler¹⁷², T M Bristow⁴⁸, D Britton⁵⁵, D Britzger⁴⁴, F M Brochu³⁰, I Brock²³, R Brock⁹², G Brooijmans³⁷, T Brooks⁷⁹, W K Brooks^{34b}, J Brosamer¹⁶, E Brost¹¹⁷, J H Broughton¹⁹, P A Bruckman de Renstrom⁴¹, D Bruncko^{145b}, R Bruneliere⁵⁰, A Bruni^{22a}, G Bruni^{22a}, L S Bruni¹⁰⁸, B H Brunt³⁰, M Bruschi^{22a}, N Bruscino²³, P Bryant³³, L Bryngemark⁸³, T Buanes¹⁵, Q Buat¹⁴³, P Buchholz¹⁴², A G Buckley⁵⁵, I A Budagov⁶⁷, F Buehrer⁵⁰, M K Bugge¹²⁰, O Bulekov⁹⁹, D Bullock⁸, H Burckhart³², S Burdin⁷⁶, C D Burgard⁵⁰, B Burghgrave¹⁰⁹, K Burka⁴¹, S Burke¹³², I Burmeister⁴⁵, E Busato³⁶ D Büscher⁵⁰, V Büscher⁸⁵, P Bussey⁵⁵, J M Butler²⁴, C M Buttar⁵⁵, J M Butterworth⁸⁰, P Butti¹⁰⁸, W Buttinger²⁷, A Buzatu⁵⁵, A R Buzykaev^{110,181}, S Cabrera Urbán¹⁶⁷, D Caforio¹²⁹, V M Cairo^{39a,39b}, O Cakir^{4a}, N Calace⁵¹, P Calafiura¹⁶, A Calandri⁸⁷, G Calderini⁸², P Calfayan¹⁰¹, L P Caloba^{26a}, D Calvet³⁶, S Calvet³⁶, T P Calvet⁸⁷, R Camacho Toro³³, S Camarda³², P Camarri^{134a,134b}, D Cameron¹²⁰, R Caminal Armadans¹⁶⁶, C Camincher⁵⁷, S Campana³², M Campanelli⁸⁰, A Camplani^{93a,93b}, A Campoverde¹⁴², V Canale^{105a,105b}, A Canepa^{160a}, M Cano Bret^{35e,35f}, J Cantero¹¹⁵, R Cantrill^{127a}, T Cao⁴², M D M Capeans Garrido³², I Caprini^{28b}, M Caprini^{28b}, M Capua^{39a,39b}, R Caputo⁸⁵, R M Carbone³⁷, R Cardarelli^{134a}, F Cardillo⁵⁰, I Carli¹³⁰, T Carli³², G Carlino^{105a}, L Carminati^{93a,93b}, S Caron¹⁰⁷, E Carquin^{34b}, G D Carrillo-Montoya³², J R Carter³⁰, J Carvalho^{127a,127c}, D Casadei¹⁹, M P Casado^{13,186}, M Casolino¹³, D W Casper¹⁶³, E Castaneda-Miranda^{146a}, R Castelijn¹⁰⁸ A Castelli¹⁰⁸, V Castillo Gimenez¹⁶⁷, N F Castro^{127a,187}, A Catinaccio³², J R Catmore¹²⁰, A Cattai³², J Caudron⁸⁵, V Cavaliere¹⁶⁶, E Cavallaro¹³, D Cavalli^{93a}, M Cavalli-Sforza¹³, V Cavasinni^{125a,125b}, F Ceradini^{135a,135b}, L Cerda Alberich¹⁶⁷, B C Cerio⁴⁷, A S Cerqueira^{26b}, A Cerri¹⁵⁰, L Cerrito⁷⁸, F Cerutti¹⁶, M Cerv³², A Cervelli¹⁸, S A Cetin^{20d}, A Chafaq^{136a}, D Chakraborty¹⁰⁹, S K Chan⁵⁹, Y L Chan^{62a}, P Chang¹⁶⁶, J D Chapman³⁰, D G Charlton¹⁹, A Chatterjee⁵¹, C C Chau¹⁵⁹, C A Chavez Barajas¹⁵⁰, S Che¹¹², S Cheatham⁷⁴, A Chegwidden⁹², S Chekanov⁶, S V Chekulaev^{160a}, G A Chelkov^{67,188}, M A Chelstowska⁹¹, C Chen⁶⁶, H Chen²⁷, K Chen¹⁴⁹, S Chen^{35c}, S Chen¹⁵⁶, X Chen^{35g}, Y Chen⁶⁹, H C Cheng⁹¹, H J Cheng^{35a}, Y Cheng³³, A Cheplakov⁶⁷, E Cheremushkina¹³¹, R Cherkaoui El Moursli^{136e}, V Chernyatin^{27,224}, E Cheu⁷, L Chevalier¹³⁷, V Chiarella⁴⁹, G Chiarelli^{125a,125b}, G Chiodini^{75a}, A S Chisholm¹⁹, A Chitan^{28b}, M V Chizhov⁶⁷, K Choi⁶³, A R Chomont³⁶,

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S Chouridou<sup>9</sup>, B K B Chow<sup>101</sup>, V Christodoulou<sup>80</sup>, D Chromek-Burckhart<sup>32</sup>, J Chudoba<sup>128</sup>, A J Chuinard<sup>89</sup>,
JJ Chwastowski<sup>41</sup>, L Chytka<sup>116</sup>, G Ciapetti<sup>133a,133b</sup>, A K Ciftci<sup>4a</sup>, D Cinca<sup>55</sup>, V Cindro<sup>77</sup>, I A Cioara<sup>23</sup>, A Ciocio<sup>16</sup>,
F Cirotto 105a,105b, Z H Citron 172, M Citterio 93a, M Ciubancan 28b, A Clark 51, B L Clark 59, M R Clark 37, P J Clark 48, R N Clarke 16, C Clement 147a,147b, Y Coadou 87, M Cobal 164a,164c, A Coccaro 51, J Cochran 66, L Coffey 25,
L Colasurdo<sup>107</sup>, B Cole<sup>37</sup>, A P Colijn<sup>108</sup>, J Collot<sup>57</sup>, T Colombo<sup>32</sup>, G Compostella<sup>102</sup>, P Conde Muiño<sup>127a,127b</sup>,
E Coniavitis<sup>50</sup>, S H Connell<sup>146b</sup>, I A Connelly<sup>79</sup>, V Consorti<sup>50</sup>, S Constantinescu<sup>28b</sup>, G Conti<sup>32</sup>,
F Conventi<sup>105a,189</sup>, M Cooke<sup>16</sup>, B D Cooper<sup>80</sup>, A M Cooper-Sarkar<sup>121</sup>, K J R Cormier<sup>159</sup>, T Cornelissen<sup>175</sup>,
M Corradi<sup>133a,133b</sup>, F Corriveau<sup>89,190</sup>, A Corso-Radu<sup>163</sup>, A Cortes-Gonzalez<sup>13</sup>, G Cortiana<sup>102</sup>, G Costa<sup>93a</sup>,
M J Costa<sup>167</sup>, D Costanzo<sup>140</sup>, G Cottin<sup>30</sup>, G Cowan<sup>79</sup>, B E Cox<sup>86</sup>, K Cranmer<sup>111</sup>, S J Crawley<sup>55</sup>, G Cree<sup>31</sup>,
S Crépé-Renaudin<sup>57</sup>, F Crescioli<sup>82</sup>, W A Cribbs<sup>147a,147b</sup>, M Crispin Ortuzar<sup>121</sup>, M Cristinziani<sup>23</sup>, V Croft<sup>107</sup>,
G Crosetti<sup>39a,39b</sup>, T Cuhadar Donszelmann<sup>140</sup>, J Cummings<sup>176</sup>, M Curatolo<sup>49</sup>, J Cúth<sup>85</sup>, C Cuthbert<sup>151</sup>,
H Czirr<sup>142</sup>, P Czodrowski<sup>3</sup>, G D'amen<sup>22a,22b</sup>, S D'Auria<sup>55</sup>, M D'Onofrio<sup>76</sup>,
M J Da Cunha Sargedas De Sousa<sup>127a,127b</sup>, C Da Via<sup>86</sup>, W Dabrowski<sup>40a</sup>, T Dado<sup>145a</sup>, T Dai<sup>91</sup>, O Dale<sup>15</sup>,
F Dallaire<sup>96</sup>, C Dallapiccola<sup>88</sup>, M Dam<sup>38</sup>, J R Dandoy<sup>33</sup>, N P Dang<sup>50</sup>, A C Daniells<sup>19</sup>, N S Dann<sup>86</sup>,
M Danninger<sup>168</sup>, M Dano Hoffmann<sup>137</sup>, V Dao<sup>50</sup>, G Darbo<sup>52a</sup>, S Darmora<sup>8</sup>, J Dassoulas<sup>3</sup>, A Dattagupta<sup>63</sup>,
W Davey<sup>23</sup>, C David<sup>169</sup>, T Davidek<sup>130</sup>, M Davies<sup>154</sup>, P Davison<sup>80</sup>, E Dawe<sup>90</sup>, I Dawson<sup>140</sup>,
R K Daya-Ishmukhametova<sup>88</sup>, K De<sup>8</sup>, R de Asmundis<sup>105a</sup>, A De Benedetti<sup>114</sup>, S De Castro<sup>22a,22b</sup>, S De Cecco<sup>82</sup>,
N De Groot<sup>107</sup>, P de Jong<sup>108</sup>, H De la Torre<sup>84</sup>, F De Lorenzi<sup>66</sup>, A De Maria<sup>56</sup>, D De Pedis<sup>133a</sup>, A De Salvo<sup>133a</sup>,
U De Sanctis<sup>150</sup>, A De Santo<sup>150</sup>, J B De Vivie De Regie<sup>118</sup>, W J Dearnaley<sup>74</sup>, R Debbe<sup>27</sup>, C Debenedetti<sup>138</sup>,
DV Dedovich<sup>67</sup>, N Dehghanian<sup>3</sup>, I Deigaard<sup>108</sup>, M Del Gaudio<sup>39a,39b</sup>, J Del Peso<sup>84</sup>, T Del Prete<sup>125a,125b</sup>,
D Delgove<sup>118</sup>, F Deliot<sup>137</sup>, C M Delitzsch<sup>51</sup>, M Deliyergiyev<sup>77</sup>, A Dell'Acqua<sup>32</sup>, L Dell'Asta<sup>24</sup>,
M Dell'Orso<sup>125a,125b</sup>, M Della Pietra<sup>105a,189</sup>, D della Volpe<sup>51</sup>, M Delmastro<sup>5</sup>, P A Delsart<sup>57</sup>, C Deluca<sup>108</sup>,
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S Dhaliwal<sup>25</sup>, A Di Ciaccio<sup>134a,134b</sup>, L Di Ciaccio<sup>5</sup>, W K Di Clemente<sup>123</sup>, C Di Donato<sup>133a,133b</sup>, A Di Girolamo<sup>32</sup>,
B Di Girolamo<sup>32</sup>, B Di Micco<sup>135a,1355</sup>, R Di Nardo<sup>32</sup>, A Di Simone<sup>50</sup>, R Di Sipio<sup>159</sup>, D Di Valentino<sup>31</sup>, C Diaconu<sup>87</sup>, M Diamond<sup>159</sup>, F A Dias<sup>48</sup>, M A Diaz<sup>34a</sup>, E B Diehl<sup>91</sup>, J Dietrich<sup>17</sup>, S Diglio<sup>87</sup>, A Dimitrievska<sup>14</sup>,
J Dingfelder<sup>23</sup>, P Dita<sup>28b</sup>, S Dita<sup>28b</sup>, F Dittus<sup>32</sup>, F Djama<sup>87</sup>, T Djobava<sup>53b</sup>, J I Djuvsland<sup>60a</sup>, M A B do Vale<sup>26c</sup>,
D Dobos<sup>32</sup>, M Dobre<sup>28b</sup>, C Doglioni<sup>83</sup>, T Dohmae<sup>156</sup>, J Dolejsi<sup>130</sup>, Z Dolezal<sup>130</sup>, B A Dolgoshein<sup>99,224</sup>,
M Donadelli<sup>26d</sup>, S Donati<sup>125a,125b</sup>, P Dondero<sup>122a,122b</sup>, J Donini<sup>36</sup>, J Dopke<sup>132</sup>, A Doria<sup>105a</sup>, M T Dova<sup>73</sup>,
A T Doyle<sup>55</sup>, E Drechsler<sup>56</sup>, M Dris<sup>10</sup>, Y Du<sup>35d</sup>, J Duarte-Campderros<sup>154</sup>, E Duchovni<sup>172</sup>, G Duckeck<sup>101</sup>,
O A Ducu<sup>96,191</sup>, D Duda<sup>108</sup>, A Dudarev<sup>32</sup>, E M Duffield<sup>16</sup>, L Duflot<sup>118</sup>, L Duguid<sup>79</sup>, M Dührssen<sup>32</sup>,
M Dumancic<sup>172</sup>, M Dunford<sup>60a</sup>, H Duran Yildiz<sup>4a</sup>, M Düren<sup>54</sup>, A Durglishvili<sup>53b</sup>, D Duschinger<sup>46</sup>, B Dutta<sup>44</sup>,
M Dyndal<sup>44</sup>, C Eckardt<sup>44</sup>, K M Ecker<sup>102</sup>, R C Edgar<sup>91</sup>, N C Edwards<sup>48</sup>, T Eifert<sup>32</sup>, G Eigen<sup>15</sup>, K Einsweiler<sup>16</sup>,
V Ellajosyula<sup>87</sup>, M Ellert<sup>165</sup>, S Elles<sup>5</sup>, F Ellinghaus<sup>175</sup>, A A Elliot<sup>169</sup>, N Ellis<sup>32</sup>, J Elmsheuser<sup>27</sup>, M Elsing<sup>32</sup>,
D Emeliyanov<sup>132</sup>, Y Enari<sup>156</sup>, O C Endner<sup>85</sup>, M Endo<sup>119</sup>, J S Ennis<sup>170</sup>, J Erdmann<sup>45</sup>, A Ereditato<sup>18</sup>, G Ernis<sup>175</sup>,
J Ernst<sup>2</sup>, M Ernst<sup>27</sup>, S Errede<sup>166</sup>, E Ertel<sup>85</sup>, M Escalier<sup>118</sup>, H Esch<sup>45</sup>, C Escobar<sup>126</sup>, B Esposito<sup>49</sup>, A I Etienvre<sup>137</sup>,
E Etzion<sup>154</sup>, H Evans<sup>63</sup>, A Ezhilov<sup>124</sup>, F Fabbri<sup>22a,22b</sup>, L Fabbri<sup>22a,22b</sup>, G Facini<sup>33</sup>, R M Fakhrutdinov<sup>131</sup>,
S Falciano<sup>133a</sup>, R J Falla<sup>80</sup>, J Faltova<sup>130</sup>, Y Fang<sup>35a</sup>, M Fanti<sup>93a,93b</sup>, A Farbin<sup>8</sup>, A Farilla<sup>135a</sup>, C Farina<sup>126</sup>,
T Farooque<sup>13</sup>, S Farrell<sup>16</sup>, S M Farrington<sup>170</sup>, P Farthouat<sup>22</sup>, F Fassi<sup>136e</sup>, P Fassnacht<sup>32</sup>, D Fassouliotis<sup>9</sup>,
M Faucci Giannelli<sup>79</sup>, A Favareto<sup>52a,52b</sup>, W J Fawcett<sup>121</sup>, L Fayard<sup>118</sup>, O L Fedin<sup>124,192</sup>, W Fedorko<sup>168</sup>, S Feigl<sup>120</sup>,
L Feligioni<sup>87</sup>, C Feng<sup>35d</sup>, E J Feng<sup>32</sup>, H Feng<sup>91</sup>, A B Fenyuk<sup>131</sup>, L Feremenga<sup>8</sup>, P Fernandez Martinez<sup>167</sup>, S Fernandez Perez<sup>13</sup>, J Ferrando<sup>55</sup>, A Ferrari<sup>165</sup>, P Ferrari<sup>108</sup>, R Ferrari<sup>122a</sup>, D E Ferreira de Lima<sup>60b</sup>,
A Ferrer<sup>167</sup>, D Ferrere<sup>51</sup>, C Ferretti<sup>91</sup>, A Ferretto Parodi<sup>52a,52b</sup>, F Fiedler<sup>85</sup>, A Filipčič<sup>77</sup>, M Filipuzzi<sup>44</sup>,
F Filthaut<sup>107</sup>, M Fincke-Keeler<sup>169</sup>, K D Finelli<sup>151</sup>, M C N Fiolhais<sup>127a,127c</sup>, L Fiorini<sup>167</sup>, A Firan<sup>42</sup>, A Fischer<sup>2</sup>,
C Fischer<sup>13</sup>, J Fischer<sup>175</sup>, W C Fisher<sup>92</sup>, N Flaschel<sup>44</sup>, I Fleck<sup>142</sup>, P Fleischmann<sup>91</sup>, G T Fletcher<sup>140</sup>,
R R M Fletcher<sup>123</sup>, T Flick<sup>175</sup>, A Floderus<sup>83</sup>, L R Flores Castillo<sup>62a</sup>, M J Flowerdew<sup>102</sup>, G T Forcolin<sup>86</sup>,
A Formica<sup>137</sup>, A Forti<sup>86</sup>, A G Foster<sup>19</sup>, D Fournier<sup>118</sup>, H Fox<sup>74</sup>, S Fracchia<sup>13</sup>, P Francavilla<sup>82</sup>, M Franchini<sup>22a,22b</sup>,
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Merola^{105a,105b}, C Meroni^{93a}, F S Merritt³³, A Messina^{133a,133b}, J Metcalfe⁶, A S Mete¹⁶³, C Meyer⁸⁵, C Meyer¹²³, J-P Meyer¹³⁷, J Meyer¹⁰⁸, H Meyer Zu Theenhausen^{60a}, $F. Miano ^{150}, R. P. Middleton ^{132}, S. Miglioranzi ^{52a,52b}, L. Mijović ^{23}, G. Mikenberg ^{172}, M. Mikestikova ^{128}, M. Mikuž ^{77}, M. Mikestikova ^{128}, M. Mikuž ^{77}, M. Mikestikova ^{128}, M. Mikestikova ^{12$ M Milesi⁹⁰, A Milic⁶⁴, D W Miller³³, C Mills⁴⁸, A Milov¹⁷², D A Milstead^{147a,147b}, A A Minaenko¹³¹, Y Minami¹⁵⁶, I A Minashvili⁶⁷, A I Mincer¹¹¹, B Mindur^{40a}, M Mineev⁶⁷, Y Ming¹⁷³, L M Mir¹³, K P Mistry¹²³, T Mitani¹⁷¹, J Mitrevski¹⁰¹, V A Mitsou¹⁶⁷, A Miucci⁵¹, P S Miyagawa¹⁴⁰, J U Mjörnmark⁸³, T Moa^{147a,147b}, K Mochizuki⁹⁶, S Mohapatra³⁷, S Molander^{147a,147b}, R Moles-Valls²³, R Monden⁷⁰, M C Mondragon⁹², K Mönig⁴⁴, J Monk³⁸, E Monnier⁸⁷, A Montalbano¹⁴⁹, J Montejo Berlingen³², F Monticelli⁷³, S Monzani^{93a,93b}, R W Moore³, N Morange¹¹⁸, D Moreno²¹, M Moreno Llácer⁵⁶, P Morettini^{52a}, D Mori¹⁴³, T Mori¹⁵⁶, M Morii⁵⁹, M Morinaga¹⁵⁶, V Morisbak¹²⁰, S Moritz⁸⁵, A K Morley¹⁵¹, G Mornacchi³², J D Morris⁷⁸, S S Mortensen³⁸, L Morvaj¹⁴⁹, M Mosidze^{53b}, J Moss¹⁴⁴, K Motohashi¹⁵⁸, R Mount¹⁴⁴, E Mountricha²⁷, S V Mouraviev^{97,224}, E J W Moyse⁸⁸, S Muanza⁸⁷, R D Mudd¹⁹, F Mueller¹⁰², J Mueller¹²⁶, R S P Mueller¹⁰¹, T Mueller³⁰, D Muenstermann⁷⁴, P Mullen⁵⁵, G A Mullier¹⁸, F J Munoz Sanchez⁸⁶, J A Murillo Quijada¹⁹, W J Murray^{170,132}, H Musheghyan⁵⁶, M Muškinja⁷⁷, A G Myagkov^{131,209}, M Myska¹²⁹, B P Nachman¹⁴⁴, O Nackenhorst⁵¹, K Nagai¹²¹, R Nagai^{68,204}, K Nagano⁶⁸, Y Nagasaka⁶¹, K Nagata¹⁶¹, M Nagel⁵⁰, E Nagy⁸⁷, A M Nairz³², Y Nakahama³², K Nakamura⁶⁸, T Nakamura¹⁵⁶, I Nakano¹¹³, H Namasivayam⁴³,

R F Naranjo Garcia⁴⁴, R Narayan¹¹, D I Narrias Villar^{60a}, I Naryshkin¹²⁴, T Naumann⁴⁴, G Navarro²¹, R Nayyar⁷, H A Neal⁹¹, P Yu Nechaeva⁹⁷, T J Neep⁸⁶, P D Nef¹⁴⁴, A Negri^{122a,122b}, M Negrini^{22a}, S Nektarijevic¹⁰⁷, C Nellist¹¹⁸, A Nelson¹⁶³, S Nemecek¹²⁸, P Nemethy¹¹¹, A A Nepomuceno^{26a}, M Nessi^{32,210}, M S Neubauer¹⁶⁶, M Neumann¹⁷⁵, R M Neves¹¹¹, P Nevski²⁷, P R Newman¹⁹, D H Nguyen⁶, T Nguyen Manh⁹⁶, R B Nickerson¹²¹, R Nicolaidou¹³⁷, J Nielsen¹³⁸, A Nikiforov¹⁷, V Nikolaenko^{131,209}, I Nikolic-Audit⁸², K Nikolopoulos¹⁹, J K Nilsen¹²⁰, P Nilsson²⁷, Y Ninomiya¹⁵⁶, A Nisati^{133a}, R Nisius¹⁰², T Nobe¹⁵⁶, L Nodulman⁶, M Nomachi¹¹⁹, I Nomidis³¹, T Nooney⁷⁸, S Norberg¹¹⁴, M Nordberg³², N Norjoharuddeen¹²¹, O Novgorodova⁴⁶, S Nowak¹⁰², M Nozaki⁶⁸, L Nozka¹¹⁶, K Ntekas¹⁰, E Nurse⁸⁰, F Nuti⁹⁰, F O'grady⁷, D C O'Neil¹⁴³, A A O'Rourke⁴⁴, V O'Shea⁵⁵, F G Oakham^{31,182}, H Oberlack¹⁰², T Obermann²³, J Ocariz⁸², A Ochi⁶⁹, I Ochoa³⁷, J P Ochoa-Ricoux^{34a}, S Oda⁷², S Odaka⁶⁸, H Ogren⁶³, A Oh⁸⁶, S H Oh⁴⁷, C C Ohm¹⁶, H Ohman¹⁶⁵, H Oide³², H Okawa¹⁶¹, Y Okumura³³, T Okuyama⁶⁸, A Olariu^{28b}, L F Oleiro Seabra^{127a}, S A Olivares Pino⁴⁸, D Oliveira Damazio²⁷, A Olszewski⁴¹, J Olszowska⁴¹, A Onofre^{127a,127e}, K Onogi¹⁰⁴, PUE Onyisi^{11,200}, MJ Oreglia³³, Y Oren¹⁵⁴, D Orestano^{135a,135b}, N Orlando^{62b}, R S Orr¹⁵⁹, B Osculati^{52a,52b}, R Ospanov⁸⁶, G Otero y Garzon²⁹, H Otono⁷², M Ouchrif^{136d}, F Ould-Saada¹²⁰, A Ouraou¹³⁷, K P Oussoren¹⁰⁸, Q Ouyang^{35a}, M Owen⁵⁵, R E Owen¹⁹, V E Ozcan^{20a}, N Ozturk⁸, K Pachal¹⁴³, A Pacheco Pages¹³, C Padilla Aranda¹³, M Pagáčová⁵⁰, S Pagan Griso¹⁶, F Paige²⁷, P Pais⁸⁸, K Pajchel¹²⁰, G Palacino^{160b}, S Palestini³², M Palka^{40b}, D Pallin³⁶, A Palma^{127a,127b}, E St Panagiotopoulou¹⁰, C E Pandini⁸², J G Panduro Vazquez⁷⁹, P Pani^{147a,147b}, S Panitkin²⁷, D Pantea^{28b}, L Paolozzi⁵¹, Th D Papadopoulou¹⁰, K Papageorgiou¹⁵⁵, A Paramonov⁶, D Paredes Hernandez¹⁷⁶, A J Parker⁷⁴, M A Parker³⁰, K A Parker¹⁴⁰, F Parodi^{52a,52b}, J A Parsons³⁷, U Parzefall⁵⁰, V R Pascuzzi¹⁵⁹, E Pasqualucci^{133a}, S Passaggio^{52a}, Fr Pastore⁷⁹, G Pásztor^{31,211}, S Pataraia¹⁷⁵, J R Pater⁸⁶, T Pauly³², J Pearce¹⁶⁹, B Pearson¹¹⁴, L E Pedersen³⁸, M Pedersen¹²⁰, S Pedraza Lopez¹⁶⁷, R Pedro^{127a,127b}, S V Peleganchuk^{110,181}, D Pelikan¹⁶⁵, O Penc¹²⁸, C Peng^{35a}, H Peng^{35b}, J Penwell⁶³, B S Peralva^{26b}, M M Perego¹³⁷, D V Perepelitsa²⁷, E Perez Codina^{160a}, L Perini^{93a,93b}, H Pernegger³², S Perrella^{105a,105b}, R Peschke⁴⁴, V D Peshekhonov⁶⁷, K Peters⁴⁴, R F Y Peters⁸⁶, B A Petersen³², T C Petersen³⁸, E Petit⁵⁷, A Petridis¹, C Petridou¹⁵⁵, P Petroff¹¹⁸, E Petrolo^{133a}, M Petrov¹²¹, F Petrucci^{135a,135b}, N E Pettersson⁸⁸, A Peyaud¹³⁷, R Pezoa^{34b}, P W Phillips¹³², G Piacquadio¹⁴⁴, E Pianori¹⁷⁰, A Picazio⁸⁸, E Piccaro⁷⁸, M Piccinini^{22a,22b}, M A Pickering¹²¹, R Piegaia²⁹, J E Pilcher³³, A D Pilkington⁸⁶, A W J Pin⁸⁶, M Pinamonti^{164a,164c,212}, J L Pinfold³, A Pingel³⁸, S Pires⁸², H Pirumov⁴⁴, M Pitt¹⁷², L Plazak^{145a}, M-A Pleier²⁷ V Pleskot⁸⁵, E Plotnikova⁶⁷, P Plucinski⁹², D Pluth⁶⁶, R Poettgen^{147a,147b}, L Poggioli¹¹⁸, D Pohl²³, G Polesello^{122a}, A Poley⁴⁴, A Policicchio^{39a,39b}, R Polifka¹⁵⁹, A Polini^{22a}, C S Pollard⁵⁵, V Polychronakos²⁷, K Pommès³², L Pontecorvo^{133a}, B G Pope⁹², G A Popeneciu^{28c}, D S Popovic¹⁴, A Poppleton³², S Pospisil¹²⁹, K Potamianos¹⁶, IN Potrap⁶⁷, CJ Potter³⁰, CT Potter¹¹⁷, G Poulard³², J Poveda³², V Pozdnyakov⁶⁷, M E Pozo Astigarraga³², P Pralavorio⁸⁷, A Pranko¹⁶, S Prell⁶⁶, D Price⁸⁶, L E Price⁶, M Primavera^{75a}, S Prince⁸⁹, M Proissl⁴⁸, K Prokofiev^{62c}, F Prokoshin^{34b}, S Protopopescu²⁷, J Proudfoot⁶, M Przybycien^{40a}, D Puddu^{135a,135b}, M Purohit^{27,213}, P Puzo¹¹⁸, J Qian⁹¹, G Qin⁵⁵, Y Qin⁸⁶, A Quadt⁵⁶, W B Quayle^{164a,164b}, M Queitsch-Maitland⁸⁶, D Quilty⁵⁵, S Raddum¹²⁰, V Radeka²⁷, V Radescu^{60b}, S K Radhakrishnan¹⁴⁹, P Radloff¹¹⁷, P Rados⁹⁰, F Ragusa^{93a,93b}, G Rahal¹⁷⁸, J A Raine⁸⁶, S Rajagopalan²⁷, M Rammensee³², C Rangel-Smith¹⁶⁵, M G Ratti^{93a,93b}, F Rauscher¹⁰¹, S Rave⁸⁵, T Ravenscroft⁵⁵, I Ravinovich¹⁷², M Raymond³², A L Read¹²⁰, N P Readioff⁷⁶, M Reale^{75a,75b}, D M Rebuzzi^{122a,122b}, A Redelbach¹⁷⁴, G Redlinger²⁷, R Reece¹³⁸, K Reeves⁴³, L Rehnisch¹⁷, J Reichert¹²³, H Reisin²⁹, C Rembser³², H Ren^{35a}, M Rescigno^{133a}, S Resconi^{93a}, O L Rezanova^{110,181}, P Reznicek¹³⁰, R Rezvani⁹⁶, R Richter¹⁰², S Richter⁸⁰, E Richter-Was^{40b}, O Ricken²³, M Ridel⁸², P Rieck¹⁷, C J Riegel¹⁷⁵, J Rieger⁵⁶, O Rifki¹¹⁴, M Rijssenbeek¹⁴⁹, A Rimoldi^{122a,122b}, M Rimoldi¹⁸, L Rinaldi^{22a}, B Ristić⁵¹, E Ritsch³², I Riu¹³, F Rizatdinova¹¹⁵, E Rizvi⁷⁸, C Rizzi¹³, S H Robertson^{89,190}, A Robichaud-Veronneau⁸⁹, D Robinson³⁰, J E M Robinson⁴⁴, A Robson⁵⁵, C Roda^{125a,125b}, Y Rodina⁸⁷, A Rodriguez Perez¹³, D Rodriguez Rodriguez¹⁶⁷, S Roe³², C S Rogan⁵⁹, O Røhne¹²⁰, A Romaniouk⁹⁹, M Romano^{22a,22b}, S M Romano Saez³⁶, E Romero Adam¹⁶⁷, N Rompotis¹³⁹, M Ronzani⁵⁰, L Roos⁸², E Ros¹⁶⁷, S Rosati^{133a}, K Rosbach⁵⁰, P Rose¹³⁸, O Rosenthal¹⁴², N-A Rosien⁵⁶, V Rossetti^{147a,147b}, E Rossi^{105a,105b}, L P Rossi^{52a}, JHN Rosten³⁰, R Rosten¹³⁹, M Rotaru^{28b}, I Roth¹⁷², J Rothberg¹³⁹, D Rousseau¹¹⁸, CR Royon¹³⁷, A Rozanov⁸⁷, Y Rozen¹⁵³, X Ruan^{146c}, F Rubbo¹⁴⁴, M S Rudolph¹⁵⁹, F Rühr⁵⁰, A Ruiz-Martinez³¹, Z Rurikova⁵⁰, N A Rusakovich⁶⁷, A Ruschke¹⁰¹, H L Russell¹³⁹, J P Rutherfoord⁷, N Ruthmann³², Y F Ryabov¹²⁴, M Rybar¹⁶⁶, G Rybkin¹¹⁸, S Ryu⁶, A Ryzhov¹³¹, G F Rzehorz⁵⁶, A F Saavedra¹⁵¹, G Sabato¹⁰⁸, S Sacerdoti²⁹, H F-W Sadrozinski¹³⁸, R Sadykov⁶⁷, F Safai Tehrani^{133a}, P Saha¹⁰⁹, M Sahinsoy^{60a}, M Saimpert¹³⁷, T Saito¹⁵⁶, H Sakamoto¹⁵⁶, Y Sakurai¹⁷¹, G Salamanna^{135a,135b}, A Salamon^{134a,134b}, J E Salazar Loyola^{34b}, D Salek¹⁰⁸, P H Sales De Bruin¹³⁹, D Salihagic¹⁰², A Salnikov¹⁴⁴, J Salt¹⁶⁷, D Salvatore^{39a,39b}, F Salvatore¹⁵⁰, A Salvucci^{62a}, A Salzburger³², D Sammel⁵⁰, D Sampsonidis¹⁵⁵, A Sanchez^{105a,105b}, J Sánchez¹⁶⁷, V Sanchez Martinez¹⁶⁷, H Sandaker¹²⁰, R L Sandbach⁷⁸, H G Sander⁸⁵, M Sandhoff¹⁷⁵, C Sandoval²¹, R Sandstroem¹⁰², D P C Sankey¹³², M Sannino^{52a,52b}, A Sansoni⁴⁹, C Santoni³⁶, R Santonico^{134a,134b}, H Santos^{127a}, I Santoyo Castillo¹⁵⁰, K Sapp¹²⁶, A Sapronov⁶⁷, J G Saraiva^{127a,127d}, B Sarrazin²³, O Sasaki⁶⁸, Y Sasaki¹⁵⁶, K Sato¹⁶¹, G Sauvage^{5,224}, E Sauvan⁵, G Savage⁷⁹, P Savard^{159,182}, C Sawyer¹³², L Sawyer^{81,195}, J Saxon³³, C Sbarra^{22a}, A Sbrizzi^{22a,22b}, T Scanlon⁸⁰, D A Scannicchio¹⁶³, M Scarcella¹⁵¹, V Scarfone^{39a,39b}, J Schaarschmidt¹⁷², P Schacht¹⁰², B M Schachtner¹⁰¹, D Schaefer³², R Schaefer⁴⁴, J Schaeffer⁸⁵, S Schaepe²³, S Schaetzel^{60b}, U Schäfer⁸⁵, A C Schaffer¹¹⁸, D Schaile¹⁰¹,

R D Schamberger¹⁴⁹, V Scharf^{80a}, V A Schegelsky¹²⁴, D Scheirich¹³⁰, M Schernau¹⁶³, C Schiavi^{52a,52b}, S Schier¹³⁸, C Schillo⁵⁰, M Schioppa^{39a,39b}, S Schlenker³², K R Schmidt-Sommerfeld¹⁰², K Schmieden³², C Schmitt⁸⁵, S Schmitt⁴⁴, S Schmitz⁸⁵, B Schneider^{160a}, U Schnoor⁵⁰, L Schoeffel¹³⁷, A Schoening^{60b}, B D Schoenrock⁹², E Schopf²³, M Schott⁸⁵, J Schovancova⁸, S Schramm⁵¹, M Schreyer¹⁷⁴, N Schuh⁸⁵, M J Schultens²³, H-C Schultz-Coulon^{60a}, H Schulz¹⁷, M Schumacher⁵⁰, B A Schumm¹³⁸, Ph Schune¹³⁷, A Schwartzman¹⁴⁴, T A Schwarz⁹¹, Ph Schwegler¹⁰², H Schweiger⁸⁶, Ph Schwemling¹³⁷, R Schwienhorst⁹², J Schwindling¹³⁷, T Schwindt²³, G Sciolla²⁵, F Scuri^{125a,125b}, F Scutti⁹⁰, J Searcy⁹¹, P Seema²³, S C Seidel¹⁰⁶, A Seiden¹³⁸, F Seifert¹²⁹, JM Seixas^{26a}, G Sekhniaidze^{105a}, K Sekhon⁹¹, S J Sekula⁴², D M Seliverstov^{124,224}, N Semprini-Cesari^{22a,22b}, C Serfon¹²⁰, L Serin¹¹⁸, L Serkin^{164a,164b}, M Sessa^{135a,135b}, R Seuster¹⁶⁹, H Severini¹¹⁴, T Sfiligoj⁷⁷, F Sforza³², A Sfyrla⁵¹, E Shabalina⁵⁶, N W Shaikh^{147a,147b}, L Y Shan^{35a}, R Shang¹⁶⁶, J T Shank²⁴, M Shapiro¹⁶, P B Shatalov⁹⁸, K Shaw^{164a,164b}, S M Shaw⁸⁶, A Shcherbakova^{147a,147b}, C Y Shehu¹⁵⁰, P Sherwood⁸⁰, L Shi^{152,224}, S Shimizu⁶⁹, C O Shimmin¹⁶³, M Shimojima¹⁰³, M Shiyakova^{67,215}, A Shmeleva⁹⁷, D Shoaleh Saadi⁹⁶, M J Shochet³³, S Shojaii^{93a,93b}, S Shrestha¹¹², E Shulga⁹⁹, M A Shupe⁷, P Sicho¹²⁸, A M Sickles¹⁶⁶, P E Sidebo¹⁴⁸, O Sidiropoulou¹⁷⁴, D Sidorov¹¹⁵, A Sidoti^{22a,22b}, F Siegert⁴⁶, Dj Sijacki¹⁴, J Silva^{127a,127d}, S B Silverstein^{147a}, V Simak¹²⁹, O Simard⁵, Lj Simic¹⁴, S Simion¹¹⁸, E Simioni⁸⁵, B Simmons⁸⁰, D Simon³⁶, M Simon⁸⁵, P Sinervo¹⁵⁹, N B Sinev¹¹⁷, M Sioli^{22a,22b}, G Siragusa¹⁷⁴, S Yu Sivoklokov¹⁰⁰, J Sjölin^{147a,147b}, T B Siursen¹⁵, M B Skinner⁷⁴, H P Skottowe⁵⁹, P Skubic¹¹⁴, M Slater¹⁹, T Slavicek¹²⁹, M Slawinska¹⁰⁸, K Sliwa¹⁶², R Slovak¹³⁰, V Smakhtin¹⁷², B H Smart⁵, L Smestad¹⁵, J Smiesko^{145a}, S Yu Smirnov⁹⁹, Y Smirnov⁹⁹, L N Smirnova^{100,216}, O Smirnova⁸³, M N K Smith³⁷, R W Smith³⁷, M Smizanska⁷⁴, K Smolek¹²⁹, A A Snesarev⁹⁷, S Snyder²⁷, R Sobie^{169,190}, F Socher⁴⁶, A Soffer¹⁵⁴, D A Soh¹⁵², G Sokhrannyi⁷⁷, C A Solans Sanchez³², M Solar¹² E Yu Soldatov⁹⁹, U Soldevila¹⁶⁷, A A Solodkov¹³¹, A Soloshenko⁶⁷, O V Solovyanov¹³¹, V Solovyev¹²⁴, P Sommer⁵⁰, H Son¹⁶², H Y Song^{35b,217}, A Sood¹⁶, A Sopczak¹²⁹, V Sopko¹²⁹, V Sorin¹³, D Sosa^{60b}, CL Sotiropoulou^{125a,125b}, R Soualah^{164a,164c}, A M Soukharev^{110,181}, D South⁴⁴, B C Sowden⁷⁹, S Spagnolo^{75a,75b}, M Spalla^{125a,125b}, M Spangenberg¹⁷⁰, F Spano⁷⁹, D Sperlich¹⁷, F Spettel¹⁰², R Spighi^{22a}, G Spigo³², L A Spiller⁹⁰, M Spousta¹³⁰, R D St Denis^{55,224}, A Stabile^{93a}, R Stamen^{60a}, S Stamm¹⁷, E Stanecka⁴¹, R W Stanek⁶, C Stanescu^{135a}, M Stanescu-Bellu⁴⁴, M M Stanitzki⁴⁴, S Stapnes¹²⁰, E A Starchenko¹³¹, G H Stark³³, J Stark⁵⁷, P Staroba¹²⁸, P Starovoitov^{60a}, S Stärz³², R Staszewski⁴¹, P Steinberg²⁷, B Stelzer¹⁴³, H J Stelzer³², O Stelzer-Chilton^{160a}, H Stenzel⁵⁴, G A Stewart⁵⁵, J A Stillings²³, M C Stockton⁸⁹, M Stoebe⁸⁹, G Stoicea^{28b}, P Stolte⁵⁶, S Stonjek¹⁰², A R Stradling⁸, A Straessner⁴⁶, M E Stramaglia¹⁸, J Strandberg¹⁴⁸, S Strandberg^{147a,147b}, A Strandlie¹²⁰, M Strauss¹¹⁴, P Strizenec^{145b}, R Ströhmer¹⁷⁴, D M Strom¹¹⁷, R Stroynowski⁴², A Strubig¹⁰⁷, S A Stucci¹⁸, B Stugu¹⁵, N A Styles⁴⁴, D Su¹⁴⁴, J Su¹²⁶, R Subramaniam⁸¹, S Suchek^{60a}, Y Sugaya¹¹⁹, M Suk¹²⁹, V V Sulin⁹⁷, S Sultansoy^{4c}, T Sumida⁷⁰, S Sun⁵⁹, X Sun^{35a}, J E Sundermann⁵⁰, K Suruliz¹⁵⁰, G Susinno^{39a,39b}, $MRSutton^{150}, SSuzuki^{68}, MSvatos^{128}, MSwiatlowski^{33}, ISykora^{145a}, TSykora^{130}, DTa^{50}, CTaccini^{135a,135b}, KTackmann^{44}, JTaenzer^{159}, ATaffard^{163}, RTafirout^{160a}, NTaiblum^{154}, HTakai^{27}, RTakashima^{71},$ K Tackmann⁴⁴, J Taenzer¹⁵, A 1aπara , K 1anrout , IN 1anroum , IN T Tashiro⁷⁰, E Tassi^{39a,39b}, A Tavares Delgado^{127a,127b}, Y Tayalati^{136d}, A C Taylor¹⁰⁶, G N Taylor⁹⁰, PTETaylor⁹⁰, WTaylor^{160b}, FATeischinger³², PTeixeira-Dias⁷⁹, KKTemming⁵⁰, DTemple¹⁴³, H Ten Kate³², P K Teng¹⁵², J J Teoh¹¹⁹, F Tepel¹⁷⁵, S Terada⁶⁸, K Terashi¹⁵⁶, J Terron⁸⁴, S Terzo¹⁰², M Testa⁴⁹, R J Teuscher^{159,190}, T Theveneaux-Pelzer⁸⁷, J P Thomas¹⁹, J Thomas-Wilsker⁷⁹, E N Thompson³⁷, P D Thompson¹⁹, A S Thompson⁵⁵, L A Thomsen¹⁷⁶, E Thomson¹²³, M Thomson³⁰, M J Tibbetts¹⁶, R E Ticse Torres⁸⁷, V O Tikhomirov^{97,218}, Yu A Tikhonov^{110,181}, S Timoshenko⁹⁹, P Tipton¹⁷⁶, S Tisserant⁸⁷, K Todome¹⁵⁸, T Todorov^{5,224}, S Todorova-Nova¹³⁰, J Tojo⁷², S Tokár^{145a}, K Tokushuku⁶⁸, E Tolley⁵⁹, L Tomlinson⁸⁶, M Tomoto¹⁰⁴, L Tompkins^{144,219}, K Toms¹⁰⁶, B Tong⁵⁹, E Torrence¹¹⁷, H Torres¹⁴³ E Torró Pastor¹³⁹, J Toth^{87,220}, F Touchard⁸⁷, D R Tovey¹⁴⁰, T Trefzger¹⁷⁴, A Tricoli²⁷, I M Trigger^{160a}, S Trincaz-Duvoid⁸², M F Tripiana¹³, W Trischuk¹⁵⁹, B Trocmé⁵⁷, A Trofymoy⁴⁴, C Troncon^{93a}, M Trottier-McDonald¹⁶, M Trovatelli¹⁶⁹, L Truong^{164a,164c}, M Trzebinski⁴¹, A Trzupek⁴¹, J C-L Tseng¹²¹, P V Tsiareshka⁹⁴, G Tsipolitis¹⁰, N Tsirintanis⁹, S Tsiskaridze¹³, V Tsiskaridze⁵⁰, E G Tskhadadze⁵³a, KMTsui^{62a}, IITsukerman⁹⁸, VTsulaia¹⁶, STsuno⁶⁸, DTsybychev¹⁴⁹, ATudorache^{28b}, VTudorache^{28b}, A N Tuna⁵⁹, S A Tupputi^{22a,22b}, S Turchikhin^{100,216}, D Turecek¹²⁹, D Turgeman¹⁷², R Turra^{93a,93b}, A J Turvey⁴², PM Tuts³⁷, M Tyndel¹³², G Ucchielli^{22a,22b}, I Ueda¹⁵⁶, R Ueno³¹, M Ughetto^{147a,147b}, F Ukegawa¹⁶¹, G Unal³², A Undrus²⁷, G Unel¹⁶³, F C Ungaro⁹⁰, Y Unno⁶⁸, C Unverdorben¹⁰¹, J Urban^{145b}, P Urquijo⁹⁰, P Urrejola⁸⁵, G Usai⁸, A Usanova⁶⁴, L Vacavant⁸⁷, V Vacek¹²⁹, B Vachon⁸⁹, C Valderanis¹⁰¹, E Valdes Santurio^{147a,147} N Valencic¹⁰⁸, S Valentinetti^{22a,22b}, A Valero¹⁶⁷, L Valery¹³, S Valkar¹³⁰, S Vallecorsa⁵¹, J A Valls Ferrer¹⁶⁷, W Van Den Wollenberg¹⁰⁸, P C Van Der Deijl¹⁰⁸, R van der Geer¹⁰⁸, H van der Graaf¹⁰⁸, N van Eldik¹⁵³, P van Gemmeren⁶, J Van Nieuwkoop¹⁴³, I van Vulpen¹⁰⁸, M C van Woerden³², M Vanadia^{133a,133b}, W Vandelli³², R Vanguri¹²³, A Vaniachine¹³¹, P Vankov¹⁰⁸, G Vardanyan¹⁷⁷, R Vari^{133a}, E W Varnes⁷, T Varol⁴², D Varouchas⁸², A Vartapetian⁸, K E Varvell¹⁵¹, J G Vasquez¹⁷⁶, F Vazeille³⁶, T Vazquez Schroeder⁸⁹, J Veatch⁵⁶, L M Veloce¹⁵⁹, F Veloso^{127a,127c}, S Veneziano^{133a}, A Ventura^{75a,75b}, M Venturi¹⁶⁹, N Venturi¹⁵⁹,

A Venturini²⁵, V Vercesi^{122a}, M Verducci^{133a,133b}, W Verkerke¹⁰⁸, J C Vermeulen¹⁰⁸, A Vest^{46,221},

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L Vigani<sup>121</sup>, R Vigne<sup>64</sup>, M Villa<sup>22a,22b</sup>, M Villaplana Perez<sup>93a,93b</sup>, E Vilucchi<sup>49</sup>, M G Vincter<sup>31</sup>, V B Vinogradov<sup>67</sup>,
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N Wermes<sup>23</sup>, M Werner<sup>50</sup>, M D Werner<sup>66</sup>, P Werner<sup>32</sup>, M Wessels<sup>60a</sup>, J Wetter<sup>162</sup>, K Whalen<sup>117</sup>,
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I Wingerter-Seez<sup>5</sup>, F Winklmeier<sup>117</sup>, O J Winston<sup>150</sup>, B T Winter<sup>23</sup>, M Wittgen<sup>144</sup>, J Wittkowski<sup>101</sup>,
S J Wollstadt<sup>85</sup>, M W Wolter<sup>41</sup>, H Wolters<sup>127a,127c</sup>, B K Wosiek<sup>41</sup>, J Wotschack<sup>32</sup>, M J Woudstra<sup>86</sup>,
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A L Yen<sup>59</sup>, E Yildirim<sup>85</sup>, K Yorita<sup>171</sup>, R Yoshida<sup>6</sup>, K Yoshihara<sup>123</sup>, C Young<sup>144</sup>, C J S Young<sup>32</sup>, S Youssef<sup>24</sup>,
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```

- $^{1}\;\; \text{Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia}$
- ² Physics Department, SUNY Albany, Albany NY, USA
- ³ Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton AB, Canada
- ^{4a} Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara
- 4b Istanbul Aydin University, Istanbul
- ^{4c} Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey
- ⁵ LAPP, CNRS/IN2P3 and Université Savoie Mont Blanc, Annecy-le-Vieux, France
- $^{\rm 6}$ $\,$ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne IL, USA
- Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson AZ, USA
- ⁸ Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington TX, USA
- 9 Physics Department, University of Athens, Athens, Greece
- Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece
- Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin TX, USA
- ¹² Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan
- $^{13} \quad Institut \ de \ F\'{isica} \ d'Altes \ Energies \ (IFAE), The \ Barcelona \ Institute \ of \ Science \ and \ Technology, \ Barcelona, Spain$
- ¹⁴ Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia
- Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway
- Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley CA, USA
- $^{17} \quad \text{Department of Physics, Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany}$
- 18 Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland
- ¹⁹ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, UK
- ^{20a} Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul
- ^{20b} Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep, Turkey
- ^{20d} Istanbul Bilgi University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul, Turkey
- ^{20e} Bahcesehir University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul, Turkey
- ²¹ Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Narino, Bogota, Colombia
- ^{22a} INFN Sezione di Bologna, Italy
- ^{22b} Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy
- ²³ Physikalisches Institut, University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany
- Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston MA, USA
- Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham MA, USA
- Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

 269 Electrical Circuita Department Federal University of Luiz de Ferre (LEIE) Juiz de Ferre III
- $^{26b}\quad$ Electrical Circuits Department, Federal University of Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora, Brazil
- $^{26\mathrm{c}}$ $\,$ Federal University of Sao Joao del Rei (UFSJ), Sao Joao del Rei, Brazil
- ^{26d} Instituto de Fisica, Universidade de Sao Paulo, Sao Paulo, Brazil
- $^{\rm 27}~$ Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton NY, USA
- ^{28a} Transilvania University of Brasov, Brasov, Romania

- $^{\rm 28b}$ $\,$ National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest, Romania
- ^{28c} National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj Napoca, Romania
- ^{28d} University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest, Romania
- ^{28e} West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania
- ²⁹ Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina
- ³⁰ Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, UK
- ³¹ Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa ON, Canada
- 32 CERN, Geneva, Switzerland
- ³³ Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago IL, USA
- ^{34a} Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago, Chile
- Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile
- 35a Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, People's Republic of China
- 35b Department of Modern Physics, University of Science and Technology of China, Anhui, People's Republic of China
- ^{35c} Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu, People's Republic of China
- 35d School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong, People's Republic of China
- 35e Department of Physics and Astronomy, Shanghai Key Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, People's Republic of China
- 35f Also affiliated with PKU-CHEP
- ^{35g} Physics Department, Tsinghua University, Beijing 100084, People's Republic of China
- 36 Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire, Clermont Université and Université Blaise Pascal and CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France
- 37 Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington NY, USA
- Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Kobenhavn, Denmark
- ^{39a} INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Italy
- ^{39b} Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende, Italy
- ^{40a} AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow, Poland
- ^{40b} Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland
- ⁴¹ Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland
- ⁴² Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas TX, USA
- ⁴³ Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson TX, USA
- 44 DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany
- ⁴⁵ Institut für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany
- ⁴⁶ Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden, Germany
- ⁴⁷ Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham NC, USA
- 48 $\,$ SUPA—School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, UK
- 49 INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy
- ⁵⁰ Fakultät für Mathematik und Physik, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg, Germany
- ⁵¹ Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland
- 52a INFN Sezione di Genova, Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova, Italy
- ^{53a} E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- $^{53\mathrm{b}}$ High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- 54 II Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany
- 55 SUPA—School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, UK
- $^{56}\,\,$ II Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität, Göttingen, Germany
- $^{57} \quad Laboratoire \ de \ Physique \ Subatomique \ et \ de \ Cosmologie, Universit\'e \ Grenoble-Alpes, CNRS/IN2P3, Grenoble, France$
- 58 Department of Physics, Hampton University, Hampton VA, USA
- $^{59} \quad Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge MA, USA$
- $^{60a}\,\,$ Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany
- $^{60\text{b}}$ Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany
- $^{60c} \quad ZITI \, Institut \, f\"ur \, technische \, Informatik, \, Ruprecht-Karls-Universit\"at \, Heidelberg, \, Mannheim, \, Germany \, The state of the st$
- $^{61} \quad \text{Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan}$
- ^{62a} Department of Physics, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong, People's Republic of China
- Department of Physics, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, People's Republic of China
- 62c Department of Physics, The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Clear Water Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong, People's Republic of China
- 63 Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington IN, USA
- ⁶⁴ Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria
- 65 University of Iowa, Iowa City IA, USA
- 66 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames IA, USA
- $^{\rm 67}~$ Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, JINR Dubna, Dubna, Russia
- ⁶⁸ KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan
- ⁶⁹ Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan
- Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁷¹ Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁷² Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan
- ⁷³ Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina
- $^{74} \;\;$ Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, UK
- 75a INFN Sezione di Lecce, Italy
- $^{75\mathrm{b}}$ Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy
- Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, UK
- Department of Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- 78 $\,$ School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, UK $\,$
- ⁷⁹ Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Surrey, UK

- Bo Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, UK
- ⁸¹ Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA, USA
- Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- ⁸³ Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden
- ⁸⁴ Departamento de Fisica Teorica C-15, Universidad Autonoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain
- 85 Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany
- 86 School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, UK
- 87 CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- 88 Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA, USA
- ⁸⁹ Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal QC, Canada
- 90 School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
- 91 Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, USA
- 92 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing MI, USA
- 93a INFN Sezione di Milano, Italy
- 93b Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy
- 94 B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Republic of Belarus
- 95 National Scientific and Educational Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Republic of Belarus
- 96 $\,$ Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal QC, Canada
- 97 P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia
- 98 Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP), Moscow, Russia
- 99 National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia
- 100 D.V. Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- 101 Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany
- 102 Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan
- Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- 105a INFN Sezione di Napoli, Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque NM, USA
- 107 Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, The Netherlands
- 108 Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, The Netherlands
- 109 Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb IL, USA
- ¹¹⁰ Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, SB RAS, Novosibirsk, Russia
- 111 Department of Physics, New York University, New York NY, USA
- ¹¹² Ohio State University, Columbus OH, USA
- 113 Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan
- Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman OK, USA
- $^{115}\,\,$ Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater OK, USA
- Palacký University, RCPTM, Olomouc, Czech Republic
- ¹¹⁷ Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene OR, USA
- LAL, Univ. Paris-Sud, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay, France
- 119 Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan
- Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
 Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, UK
- ^{122a} INFN Sezione di Pavia, Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia PA, USA
- 124 National Research Centre 'Kurchatov Institute' B.P.Konstantinov Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, St. Petersburg, Russia
- 125a INFN Sezione di Pisa, Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh PA, USA
- 127a Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas—LIP, Lisboa, Portugal
- $^{127\mathrm{b}}$ Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal
- 127c Department of Physics, University of Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal
- 127d Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal
- 127e Departamento de Fisica, Universidade do Minho, Braga, Portugal
- 127f Departamento de Fisica Teorica y del Cosmos and CAFPE, Universidad de Granada, Granada, Spain
- 127g Dep Fisica and CEFITEC of Faculdade de Ciencias e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Caparica, Portugal
- $^{128} \quad Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Praha, Czech Republic$
- 129 Czech Technical University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
- ¹³⁰ Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Charles University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
- State Research Center Institute for High Energy Physics (Protvino), NRC KI, Russia
 Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, UK
- 133a INFN Sezione di Roma, Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- 134a INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata, Italy
- Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy
- 135a INFN Sezione di Roma Tre, Italy
- Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy
- 136a Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies—Université Hassan II, Casablanca, Morocco
- Centre National de l'Energie des Sciences Techniques Nucleaires, Rabat, Morocco
- 136c Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA-Marrakech, Morocco
- Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda, Morocco

- 136e Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V, Rabat, Morocco
- 137 DSM/IRFU (Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l'Univers), CEA Saclay (Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique et aux Energies Alternatives), Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz CA, USA
- Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle WA, USA
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, UK
- ¹⁴¹ Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
- Fachbereich Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
- Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby BC, Canada
- SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford CA, USA
- ^{145a} Faculty of Mathematics, Physics & Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava, Slovakia
- 145b Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic, Slovakia
- ^{146a} Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town, South Africa
- Department of Physics, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg, South Africa
- School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa
- ^{147a} Department of Physics, Stockholm University, Sweden
- ^{147b} The Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
- Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden
- 149 Departments of Physics & Astronomy and Chemistry, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook NY, USA
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, UK
- School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
- ¹⁵² Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- Department of Physics, Technion: Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel
- Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel
- Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
- 156 International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- 157 Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
- ¹⁵⁸ Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
- 159 Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto ON, Canada
- ^{160a} TRIUMF, Vancouver BC, Canada
- $^{160b} \quad \text{Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto ON, Canada}$
- 161 Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, and Center for Integrated Research in Fundamental Science and Engineering, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford MA, USA
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine CA, USA
- ^{164a} INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine, Italy
- 164b ICTP, Trieste, Italy
- Dipartimento di Chimica, Fisica e Ambiente, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
- ¹⁶⁵ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
- Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana IL, USA
- Instituto de Fisica Corpuscular (IFIC) and Departamento de Fisica Atomica, Molecular y Nuclear and Departamento de Ingeniería Electrónica and Instituto de Microelectrónica de Barcelona (IMB-CNM), University of Valencia and CSIC, Valencia, Spain
- Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver BC, Canada
- Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC, Canada
- Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, UK
- Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
- Department of Particle Physics, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
- Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison WI, USA
- ¹⁷⁴ Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität, Würzburg, Germany
- 175 Fakultät für Mathematik und Naturwissenschaften, Fachgruppe Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany
- Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven CT, USA
- Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia
- ¹⁷⁸ Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France
- Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London, UK
- $^{\rm 180}~$ Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan
- Also at Novosibirsk State University, Novosibirsk, Russia
- ¹⁸² Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver BC, Canada
- Also at Department of Physics & Astronomy, University of Louisville, Louisville, KY, USA
- ¹⁸⁴ Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno CA, USA
- Also at Department of Physics, University of Fribourg, Fribourg, Switzerland
- ¹⁸⁶ Also at Departament de Fisica de la Universitat Autonoma de Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain
- 187 Also at Departamento de Fisica e Astronomia, Faculdade de Ciencias, Universidade do Porto, Portugal
- ¹⁸⁸ Also at Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia
- Also at Universita di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy
- 190 Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada
- ¹⁹¹ Also at National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest, Romania
- ¹⁹² Also at Department of Physics, St. Petersburg State Polytechnical University, St. Petersburg, Russia
- Also at Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, USA
- ¹⁹⁴ Also at Centre for High Performance Computing, CSIR Campus, Rosebank, Cape Town, South Africa
- ¹⁹⁵ Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA, USA
- ¹⁹⁶ Also at Institucio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona, Spain
- ¹⁹⁷ Also at Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan

- 198 $\,$ Also at Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan
- 199 Also at Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, The Netherlands
- Also at Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin TX, USA
- Also at Institute of Theoretical Physics, Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- ²⁰² Also at CERN, Geneva, Switzerland
- ²⁰³ Also at Georgian Technical University (GTU), Tbilisi, Georgia
- $^{204}\,\,$ Also at Ochadai Academic Production, Ochanomizu University, Tokyo, Japan
- ²⁰⁵ Also at Manhattan College, New York NY, USA
- ²⁰⁶ Also at Hellenic Open University, Patras, Greece
- Also at Academia Sinica Grid Computing, Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- $^{208} \quad Also \ at \ School \ of \ Physics, Shandong \ University, Shandong, People's \ Republic \ of \ China$
- Also at Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny, Russia
- $^{210}~$ Also at section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland
- ²¹¹ Also at Eotvos Lorand University, Budapest, Hungary
- ²¹² Also at International School for Advanced Studies (SISSA), Trieste, Italy
- Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of South Carolina, Columbia SC, USA
- Also at School of Physics and Engineering, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, People's Republic of China
- ²¹⁵ Also at Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy (INRNE) of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, Bulgaria
- ²¹⁶ Also at Faculty of Physics, M.V.Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- Also at National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia
- 219 Also at Department of Physics, Stanford University, Stanford CA, USA
- ²²⁰ Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary
- ²²¹ Also at Flensburg University of Applied Sciences, Flensburg, Germany
- ²²² Also at University of Malaya, Department of Physics, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- 223 Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Universit\'e and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- ²²⁴ Deceased