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The Rotation-Vibration Structure of ¹²C

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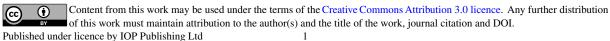
Abstract. The newly measured high spin $J^{\pi} = 5^{-}$ state at 22.4(2) MeV in ¹²C reported in this conference, fits very well to the predicted (ground state) rotational band of an oblate equilateral triangular spinning top with a \mathcal{D}_{3h} symmetry characterized by the sequence of states: $0^+, 2^+, 3^-, 4^{\pm}, 5^-$ with almost degenerate 4^+ and 4^- (parity doublet) states. Such a \mathcal{D}_{3h} symmetry was observed in triatomic molecules, and it is observed here for the first time in nuclear physics. We discuss a classification of other rotation-vibration bands in ¹²C such as the (0^+) Hoyle band and the (1^-) bending mode band and suggest measurements in search of the predicted ("missing") states that may shed new light on clustering in 12 C and light nuclei. In particular, the observation (or non observation) of the predicted ("missing") states in the Hoyle band will allow us to conclude the geometrical arrangement of the three alpha particles composing the Hoyle state at 7.654 MeV in 12 C.

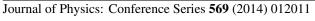
1. Introduction

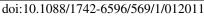
The recent observation of the 2^+ Hoyle rotational excitation in ${}^{12}C[1]$ allows for the first time the study of the Rotation-Vibration Structure of ¹²C. These new data and the recently discovered 4^{-} [2, 3] and 4^{+} [4] states in ${}^{12}C$ are in agreement with the predicted spectrum of an oblate spinning top with a \mathcal{D}_{3h} symmetry [5, 6]. It was predicted [5, 6] that the three alpha-particle system of ${}^{12}C$ leads to the ground state rotational band including the most unusual sequence of states: $0^+, 2^+, 3^-, 4^\pm, 5^-$. The new high spin 5⁻ state reported by the Birmingham group in this conference [7] as well the previously published 4^{-} state [2, 3] lead to a J(J+1) trajectory as predicted by this U(7) model [8, 9] including the nearly degenerated 4^- and 4^+ states as shown in Fig. 1.

2. The Algebraic Cluster Model

The spectrum of ${}^{12}C$ predicted by the Algebraic Cluster Model (ACM) [5, 6] is shown in Fig. 2 where it is also compared to the measured spectrum of ${}^{12}C$ [8]. In addition to the ground state rotational band this U(7) model [5, 6] predicts the Hoyle state at 7.65 MeV in ${}^{12}C$ to be the first vibrational breathing mode of the three alpha-particle equilateral configuration leading to the same rotational structure albeit with a larger moment of inertia (by a factor of 2). Recent measurements revealed the 2^+ [1] and 4^+ [4] members of the predicted Hoyle rotational band and we are currently searching [10] for the 4^- predicted by the ACM to be nearly degenerated







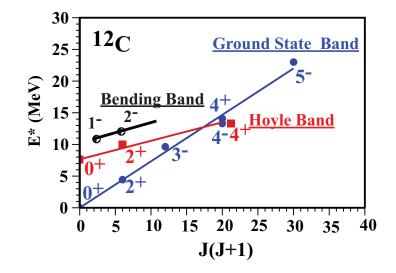


Figure 1. Rotational band structure of the: ground-state band, the Hoyle band and the bending vibration band in $^{12}\mathrm{C}.$

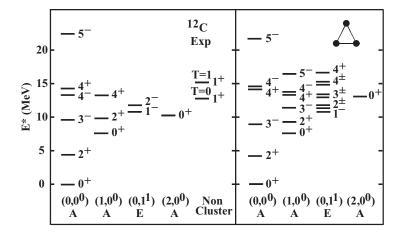


Figure 2. Comparison between the low-lying experimental spectrum of ${}^{12}C$ and the energies of the oblate symmetric top. The levels are organized in columns corresponding to the ground state band and the vibrational bands with A and E symmetry [5, 6] of an oblate top with triangular symmetry. The last column on the left-hand side, shows the lowest observed non-cluster (1^+) levels.

with the 4^+ state and the 3^- (broad) state that was suggested to lie between 11 and 14 MeV [2]. The observation (or lack there) of these "missing" states will allow us to determine wether the Hoyle state is composed of three alpha-particles in an equilateral triangle arrangement [8, 11, 12] or an obtuse triangle [13] or whether it is better described as vibrational excitation of a "diffuse gas" of three alpha-particles [14].

The U(7) model also predicts the 1^- state at 10.84 MeV to be the vibrational bending mode with a rotational band including the 1^- and a degenerate 2^{\pm} states. We are searching [10] for the third 2^+ of ${}^{12}C$ that is predicted by the U(7) model to lie near the observed 2^- state at 11.8 MeV.

In conclusion the ACM appears to open a new chapter in cluster physics of light nuclei and it presents an opportunity for further experimental investigation of light nuclei.

3. Acknowledgments

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