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Measurement of the polarisation of W bosons produced in top-quark decays using dilepton events at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS experiment

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ABSTRACT

A measurement of the polarisation of W bosons produced in top-quark decays is presented, using proton–proton collision data at a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. The data were collected by the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider and correspond to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb^{-1}. The measurement is performed selecting $t\bar{t}$ events decaying into final states with two charged leptons (electrons or muons) and at least two b-tagged jets. The polarisation is extracted from the differential cross-section distribution of the $\cos\theta^*$ variable, where θ^* is the angle between the momentum direction of the charged lepton from the W boson decay and the reversed momentum direction of the b-quark from the top-quark decay, both calculated in the W boson rest frame. Parton-level results, corrected for the detector acceptance and resolution, are presented for the $\cos\theta^*$ angle. The measured fractions of longitudinal, left- and right-handed polarisation states are found to be $f_0 = 0.684 \pm 0.005\,(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.014\,(\text{syst.})$, $f_L = 0.318 \pm 0.003\,(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.008\,(\text{syst.})$ and $f_R = -0.002 \pm 0.002\,(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.014\,(\text{syst.})$, in agreement with the Standard Model prediction.

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1. Introduction

Discovered in 1995 by the CDF and D0 experiments [1,2], the top quark is the heaviest known elementary particle so far. Its abundant production at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) allows its properties to be measured with unprecedented precision. The properties of the top-quark decay vertex Wtb are determined by the $(V - A)$ structure of the weak interaction in the Standard Model (SM), where V and A refer to the vector and axial-vector components of the weak interaction, respectively. The Wtb vertex structure, and the masses of the three particles, govern the decay properties of the W boson produced in the top-quark decay. In particular, they define the fractions of longitudinal (f_0), left-handed (f_L) and right-handed (f_R) polarised W bosons, referred to as helicity fractions. Calculations at next-to-next-to-leading order (NNLO) in quantum chromodynamics (QCD) yield the following values for the fractions: $f_0 = 0.687 \pm 0.005$, $f_L = 0.311 \pm 0.005$ and $f_R = 0.0017 \pm 0.0001$ assuming a top-quark mass $m_{\text{top}} = 172.8$ GeV, a W boson mass $m_W = 80.401$ GeV and a b-quark mass $m_b = 4.8$ GeV [3]. The uncertainties in the f_0 and f_L fractions are dominated by the experimental uncertainties in the top-quark mass, while the uncertainty in f_R is dominated by uncertainties in the strong coupling constant and the b-quark mass. This analysis tests the structure of the Wtb vertex by measuring the helicity fractions of W bosons produced in top-quark decays with high precision. Precise measurements of these fractions can probe possible new physics processes [4] which modify the structure of the Wtb vertex, such as dimension-six operators, introduced in effective field theories [5,6]. The helicity fractions f_0 and f_L are especially sensitive to the C_{tW} Wilson coefficient [7], and at the level of squared dimension-6 operators, C_{bW} and $C_{\phi tb}$ also affect them. Additionally, the expected value of f_R is very small, making it particularly sensitive to possible signs of new physics. The $W\ell\nu$ vertex is assumed to follow the SM prediction, in accord with extensive studies of this vertex at LEP [8–12].

The W boson helicity fractions can be extracted from measurements of the angular distribution of the decay products of the W boson and the top quark. The eight-component W boson spin density matrix, with three spin-operator and five tensor-operator components, entirely determines the angular distribution of the products of the leptonic decay $W^{\pm} \to \ell^{\pm}\nu$, with $\ell = e, \mu, \tau$. It can be expressed in terms of the polar and azimuthal angles of the charged-lepton momentum in the W boson rest frame. Integrating over the azimuthal

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angle, the off-diagonal contributions vanish, and the normalised differential distribution of the cosine of the polar angle θ^*, $\cos\theta^*$, depends on the helicity fractions as [13]

$$\frac{1}{\sigma}\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}\cos\theta^*} = \frac{3}{4}(1-\cos^2\theta^*)f_0 + \frac{3}{8}(1-\cos\theta^*)^2 f_{\mathrm{L}} + \frac{3}{8}(1+\cos\theta^*)^2 f_{\mathrm{R}}. \quad (1)$$

The angle θ^* is defined as the angle between the momentum direction of the charged lepton from the W boson decay and the reversed momentum direction of the b-quark from the decay of the top quark, both calculated in the W boson rest frame.

Previous measurements of the W boson helicity fractions from the ATLAS [14], CMS [15], CDF [16], and D0 [17,18] collaborations are in agreement with the SM predictions within their uncertainties. The most recent ATLAS measurement was performed in the single-lepton channel of $t\bar{t}$ decays at 8 TeV [14] and obtained $f_0 = 0.709 \pm 0.012\,(\text{stat.}+\text{bkg.})^{+0.015}_{-0.014}\,(\text{syst.})$, $f_{\mathrm{L}} = 0.299 \pm 0.008\,(\text{stat.}+\text{bkg.})^{+0.013}_{-0.012}\,(\text{syst.})$ and $f_{\mathrm{R}} = -0.008 \pm 0.006\,(\text{stat.}+\text{bkg.}) \pm 0.012\,(\text{syst.})$ using the template fit method. This result was combined with measurements from CMS to yield the combined result $f_0 = 0.693 \pm 0.014$, $f_{\mathrm{L}} = 0.315 \pm 0.011$ and $f_{\mathrm{R}} = -0.008 \pm 0.007$, where total uncertainties are quoted [19].

This Letter presents a measurement of the W helicity fractions in the dileptonic final state of the $t\bar{t}$ pair. Electron and muon final states are probed, including the leptonic decays of τ-leptons. This decay mode is chosen for its very small background contamination that is better understood than the backgrounds in the single-lepton channel, despite the more complicated kinematic reconstruction required in this final state. The measurement uses the full set of ATLAS pp collision data at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, which corresponds to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb^{-1}. The helicity fractions are extracted from a fit to the normalised differential $\cos\theta^*$ distribution unfolded to parton level, in contrast to the previous ATLAS results quoted above, which measure the helicity fractions from a template fit to the detector-level distributions. This provides a complementary measurement of the fractions while also measuring the differential cross-section distribution with respect to $\cos\theta^*$.

2. The ATLAS detector

ATLAS [20–22] is a multipurpose particle detector designed with a forward–backward symmetric cylindrical geometry and nearly full 4π coverage in solid angle.[1] It consists of an inner tracking detector (ID) surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid providing a 2 T axial magnetic field, electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters, and a muon spectrometer (MS). The ID covers the pseudorapidity range $|\eta| < 2.5$ and is composed of silicon pixel, silicon microstrip, and transition radiation tracking detectors. Lead/liquid-argon (LAr) sampling calorimeters provide electromagnetic (EM) energy measurements with high granularity. Hadronic calorimetry is provided by the steel/scintillator-tile calorimeter covering the central pseudorapidity range ($|\eta| < 1.7$). The endcap and forward regions are instrumented with LAr calorimeters for both the EM and hadronic energy measurements up to $|\eta| = 4.9$. The MS surrounds the calorimeters and is based on three large air-core toroidal superconducting magnets with eight coils each. The field integral of the toroids ranges between 2.0 and 6.0 Tm across most of the detector. The MS includes a system of precision tracking chambers and fast detectors for triggering. A two-level trigger system is used to select events. The first-level trigger is implemented in hardware and uses a subset of the detector information to keep the accepted event rate below 100 kHz [23]. This is followed by a software-based trigger that reduces the accepted event rate to 1 kHz on average. An extensive software suite [24] is used in data simulation, in the reconstruction and analysis of real and simulated data, in detector operations, and in the trigger and data acquisition systems of the experiment.

3. Data and simulated samples

This measurement exploits proton–proton collision data recorded with the ATLAS detector from 2015 to 2018 at a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. After applying data-quality requirements [25], the data sample corresponds to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb^{-1}, determined by using the LUCID-2 detector [26] for the primary luminosity measurements. Monte Carlo (MC) simulated samples are used in the analysis to optimise the event selection, estimate the selection efficiency and predict contributions from various background processes.

The production of $t\bar{t}$ events was modelled by the Powheg Box v2 [27–30] generator, using a next-to-leading-order (NLO) matrix element (ME), a dynamic scale [31], and an h_{damp} parameter value of $1.5m_{\mathrm{top}}$ [32].[2] The top-quark decay was modelled by a leading-order (LO) ME in Powheg Box v2, with an approximate implementation of finite-width and interference effects in Pythia 8.230 [33]. The $t\bar{t}$ sample is normalised to the cross-section prediction at NNLO in QCD, including the resummation of next-to-next-to-leading logarithmic (NNLL) soft-gluon terms calculated using Top++ 2.0 [34–40]. This cross-section corresponds to $\sigma(t\bar{t})_{\mathrm{NNLO+NNLL}} = 832 \pm 51$ pb when using a top-quark mass of $m_{\mathrm{top}} = 172.5$ GeV. Production of a top quark in association with a W boson (tW) was modelled by Powheg Box v2 at NLO in QCD using the five-flavour scheme. The diagram removal scheme [41] was used to remove interference and overlap with $t\bar{t}$ production. The inclusive cross-section is corrected to the theory prediction calculated at NLO in QCD with NNLL soft-gluon corrections [42,43].

The production of V + jets ($V = Z, W$) events was simulated with the Sherpa 2.2.1 [44] generator, using a NLO ME for up to two partons, and a LO ME for up to four partons, calculated with the Comix [45] and OpenLoops [46–48] libraries. They were matched with the Sherpa parton shower [49] using the MEPS@NLO prescription [50–53]. The samples are normalised to a NNLO prediction [54]. Samples of diboson final states (VV) were simulated with Sherpa, including off-shell effects and Higgs boson contributions where appropriate. Fully leptonic final states and semileptonic final states, where one boson decays leptonically and the other hadronically, were generated using MEs at NLO accuracy in QCD for up to one additional parton and at LO accuracy for up to three additional parton emissions. The matrix-element calculations were matched and merged with the Sherpa parton shower based on Catani–Seymour dipole factorisation [45,49] using the MEPS@NLO prescription. The virtual QCD corrections were provided by the OpenLoops library.

[1] ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z-axis along the beam pipe. The x-axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y-axis points upwards. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the z-axis. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln\tan(\theta/2)$. Angular distance is measured in units of $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$.

[2] The h_{damp} parameter is a resummation damping factor and one of the parameters that controls the matching of Powheg matrix elements to the parton shower and thus effectively regulates the high-p_{T} radiation against which the $t\bar{t}$ system recoils.

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The production of $t\bar{t}V$ and $t\bar{t}H$ events was modelled at NLO using the MadGraph5_aMC@NLO 2.3.3 [55] and Powheg Box v2 generators, respectively. The simulated $t\bar{t}V$ and $t\bar{t}H$ events are normalised to the cross-sections computed at NLO in QCD with the leading NLO electroweak corrections [56–58].

For all samples of simulated events, except those generated using Sherpa, the decays of bottom and charm hadrons were performed by EvtGen [59]. In all processes, m_{top} was set to 172.5 GeV. The Powheg Box and MadGraph5_aMC@NLO generators used the NNPDF3.0nlo set of parton distribution functions (PDFs) [60] and the events were interfaced to Pythia [33] to model the parton shower, hadronisation, and underlying event, with parameter values set according to the A14 tune [61]. For events generated with Sherpa, the NNPDF3.0nnlo set of PDFs and a dedicated set of tuned parton-shower parameters were used. After the event generation, the ATLAS detector response was simulated [62] using either a full detector simulation based on Geant4 [63] or a faster parametric simulation [64] for the MC samples used to estimate the modelling uncertainties. The effect of multiple interactions in the same or neighbouring bunch-crossings (pile-up) was modelled by overlaying each hard-scattering event with simulated inelastic pp events generated by Pythia 8.186 [65] using the NNPDF2.3lo set of PDFs [66] and parameter values set according to the A3 tune [67].

The contribution from events with misreconstructed or non-prompt leptons passing the selection is estimated using MC samples for processes with one prompt lepton in the matrix element. These include single-lepton $t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{t}V$, $t\bar{t}H$, t- and s-channel single top quark, and W + jets production. After event selection, this background contribution is less than 1% of the total predicted SM yield, including the $t\bar{t}$ events.

4. Object and event selection

Electron candidates are reconstructed from clusters of energy deposited in the electromagnetic calorimeter matched to particle tracks inside the ID. The candidates are identified with the *TightLH* likelihood-based identification criteria [68,69]. They are required to have $p_{\text{T}} > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.47$, excluding the transition region $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$ between the barrel and endcaps. Electron candidates must also have a transverse impact-parameter significance $|d_0/\sigma(d_0)| < 5$, measured relative to the beam line, and satisfy $|z_0 \sin\theta| < 0.5$ mm, where θ is the polar angle of the track and z_0 is the longitudinal distance from the primary vertex to the point where d_0 is measured. Muon candidates are reconstructed from tracks in the MS matched to tracks in the ID. The candidates are identified with the *Medium* identification criteria [70] with $p_{\text{T}} > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$. Additionally, muon candidates must satisfy $|z_0 \sin\theta| < 0.5$ mm and $|d_0/\sigma(d_0)| < 3$. Isolated electrons and muons are selected by requiring both the amount of energy deposited close by in the calorimeters and the scalar sum of the transverse momenta of nearby tracks in the ID to be small.

Jet candidates are reconstructed from particle-flow objects [71], using the anti-k_t [72] jet algorithm with radius parameter $R = 0.4$ implemented in the FastJet [73] software. A jet energy scale calibration derived from 13 TeV data and simulation [74] is applied to the reconstructed jets. After the calibration, jet candidates are required to have $p_{\text{T}} > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.5$. To suppress jets originating from pile-up collisions, a 'jet vertex tagger' (JVT) [75] discriminant requirement is applied to jets with p_{T} below 60 GeV.

Jets containing b-hadrons are identified (b-tagged) using the DL1r algorithm [76,77]. The algorithm combines inputs from the impact parameters of displaced vertices, as well as topological properties of secondary and tertiary vertices within a jet. These inputs are then passed to a neural network that outputs three values, representing the probability of the jet being a light-flavour jet, a c-jet or a b-jet, which are then combined into a single discriminant. The b-tagged jets are required to satisfy the operating point corresponding to 60% efficiency for identifying b-quark jets in simulated $t\bar{t}$ events.

The missing transverse momentum vector $\vec{p}_{\text{T}}^{\,\text{miss}}$, with magnitude $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$, is defined as the negative sum of the transverse momenta of the reconstructed and calibrated physical objects, as well as a 'soft term' built from all other tracks that are associated with the primary vertex [78].

To avoid double-counting of detector signatures, overlapping physics objects are removed in the following order: electrons sharing a track with a muon; the closest jet within $\Delta R = 0.2$ of an electron; electrons within $\Delta R = 0.4$ of a jet; jets within $\Delta R = 0.4$ of a muon if they have at most two associated tracks; muons within $\Delta R = 0.4$ of a jet.[3]

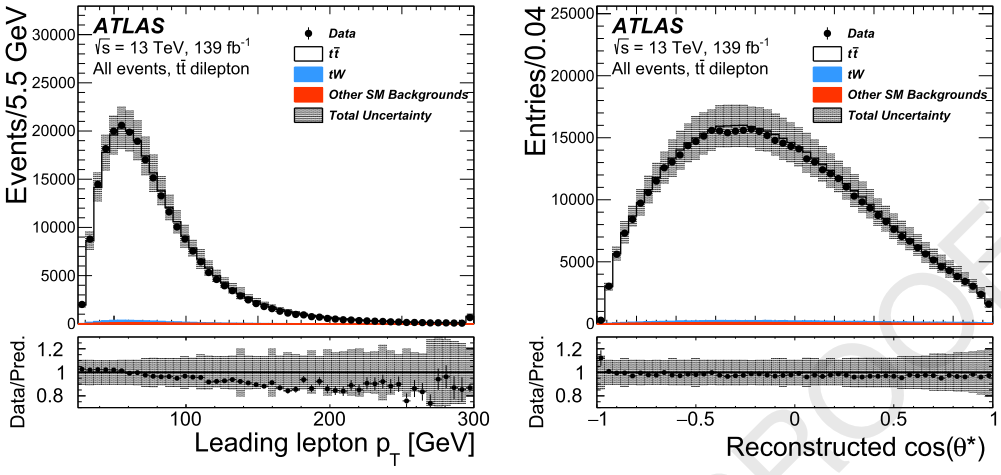
Scale factors (SFs) are used to correct the efficiencies in simulation to those measured in data for the electron and muon trigger, reconstruction, identification, and isolation criteria [69,70,79,80]. Additionally, the energies of the electrons [69] and the p_{T} of the muons [81] and jets [82,83] are corrected using resonance decays. SFs are also applied for the JVT requirement [84] and for the b-tagging efficiencies for jets that originate from the hadronisation of b-quarks [76], c-quarks [85], and (u, d, s)-quarks or gluons [86]. The amount of the pile-up in simulation is corrected to reproduce the number of reconstructed primary vertices in data.

Events that satisfy the requirements of at least one of the single-electron or single-muon triggers [23,79,80] are selected. The events are also required to have at least one reconstructed collision vertex with two or more associated tracks with transverse momentum, p_{T}, greater than 500 MeV. The vertex with the highest $\sum p_{\text{T}}^2$ of the associated tracks is taken as the primary vertex. The selected events are required to have exactly two leptons (electrons or muons) of opposite electric charge with $p_{\text{T}} > 25$ GeV or $p_{\text{T}} > 27$ GeV for the 2015 and 2016–2018 data-taking periods, respectively, to match the increasing minimum p_{T} thresholds of the single-electron and single-muon triggers. One of the reconstructed charged leptons must be matched to the lepton that passed the trigger requirement. Additionally, the events are required to have at least two reconstructed jets with $p_{\text{T}} > 25$ GeV, with at least two of these b-tagged at the 60%-efficiency operating point. This 'tight' operating point is chosen because it reduces the background to a minimum level while keeping a large number of $t\bar{t}$ events. Furthermore, in same-flavour lepton events (e^+e^- and $\mu^+\mu^-$) the invariant mass of the two charged leptons, $m_{\ell\ell}$, is required to be outside of the Z-boson mass window of 80–100 GeV, and $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} > 60$ GeV is required in order to suppress background originating from Z + jets events. Finally, all events are required to have $m_{\ell\ell} > 15$ GeV to suppress low-mass resonances. After the event selection, the sample is expected to contain about 250 000 $t\bar{t}$ events. The background represents about 3.5% of all events passing the selection, with the largest contribution coming from the single-top tW process. Table 1 shows the expected event yields after the event selection for the signal and background processes as well as the total number of events seen in data. Fig. 1 compares the data with the predictions for the leading-lepton p_{T} distribution and the $\cos\theta^*$ distribution after the event selection. The observed deviation of the prediction from data

[3] For the overlap removal, ΔR is defined as $\Delta R \equiv \sqrt{(\Delta y)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$, where $y = (1/2)[(E + p_z)/(E - p_z)]$ is the rapidity of the object.

Table 1
Event yields after the event selection for $t\bar{t}$, tW and all other SM processes compared to data. The uncertainties on the predicted yields include all systematic uncertainties discussed in Section 8.

Process	$t\bar{t}$	tW	Other bkg.	Total prediction	Data
Yields	250000 ± 19000	4500 ± 800	2800 ± 1400	258000 ± 19000	251512



(a) (b)

Fig. 1. Comparison of observed data and predictions for (a) the p_{T} distribution of the leading lepton and (b) the reconstructed $\cos\theta^*$ distribution containing measurements from both hemispheres of the $t\bar{t}$ system. All three lepton-flavour channels, e^+e^-, $\mu^+\mu^-$ and $e\mu$, are combined. The hashed band represents the total uncertainty. The bottom panel shows the ratio of data to prediction. The rightmost bins contain the overflow events.

in lepton p_{T} distribution arises from the top-quark p_{T} mismodelling by NLO generators [34–39,87] and is covered by the $t\bar{t}$ modelling uncertainties.

5. Reconstruction of the top-quark kinematics

The observable sensitive to the W boson helicity fractions, $\cos\theta^*$, requires reconstruction of the kinematics of the $t\bar{t}$ event from the identified leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum. The individual four-momenta of the two neutrinos from the $t\bar{t}$ dileptonic decay are not measured in the detector but the sum of their transverse momenta, $E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$, is measured and is used to reconstruct the top quark and top antiquark using the 'neutrino weighting' (NW) method [88]. The method allows the underconstrained system to be reconstructed by using the W-boson and top-quark mass constraints and scanning over the neutrino pseudorapidities to find two possible solutions for each of the assumed values of the neutrino pseudorapidities. The corresponding $E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$ value is then compared with the measured $E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$ of the event, and an event weight based on the degree of their agreement, which takes into account the resolution of the measured $E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$, is computed. For some events, no solution can be found, due to the finite resolution of the detector or mismeasurement of the input objects' transverse momenta. To mitigate this effect, the transverse momenta of the measured jets are varied using a Gaussian function with a p_{T}-dependent width between 8% and 14% of the measured jet p_{T} [74]. This variation is repeated five times, increasing the probability of finding a solution. For the events with more than two b-tagged jets, the two b-jets with the highest p_{T} are used in the kinematic reconstruction. The top quark and top antiquark are reconstructed by assigning to their decays the b-jets and neutrino momenta corresponding to the solution with the highest weight in the NW method. A solution is found for about 90% of the $t\bar{t}$ events. Events where the NW method fails to find a solution are discarded and not used further. The reconstruction efficiency for the background is lower, which helps to suppress it.

The statistical correlation of the distributions of $\cos\theta^*$ originating from the top quark and top antiquark was checked in the simulation and found to be small. Thus, these two $\cos\theta^*$ distributions are combined into a single distribution used in the measurement. Furthermore, since uncertainties related to lepton reconstruction are expected to be subdominant, the $\cos\theta^*$ distributions from the three lepton-flavour channels, e^+e^-, $\mu^+\mu^-$ and $e\mu$, are also combined into a single distribution, mitigating statistical fluctuations. Further investigation has shown that the increased sensitivity to systematic uncertainties, due to the different selection criteria imposed on the same-flavour channels, is not significant.

6. Differential cross-section

In order to extract W boson helicity fractions, the differential $\cos\theta^*$ cross-section is measured at parton level. The parton level is defined as the full phase-space of the dileptonically decaying W bosons from the $t\bar{t}$ decay, including τ-leptons. The leptons are taken from the MC generator's 'truth' record before final-state photon radiation, and in the case of τ-leptons, also before decay. The expected background, estimated using the MC simulation, is subtracted from the detector-level $\cos\theta^*$ distribution. The background-subtracted detector-level $\cos\theta^*$ distribution is corrected for detector effects using an iterative Bayesian unfolding (IBU) method [89] incorporated in the RooUnfold [90] package with updated corrections to the error propagation [91]. At MC-truth level, both top quarks in a $t\bar{t}$ event are required to decay leptonically.

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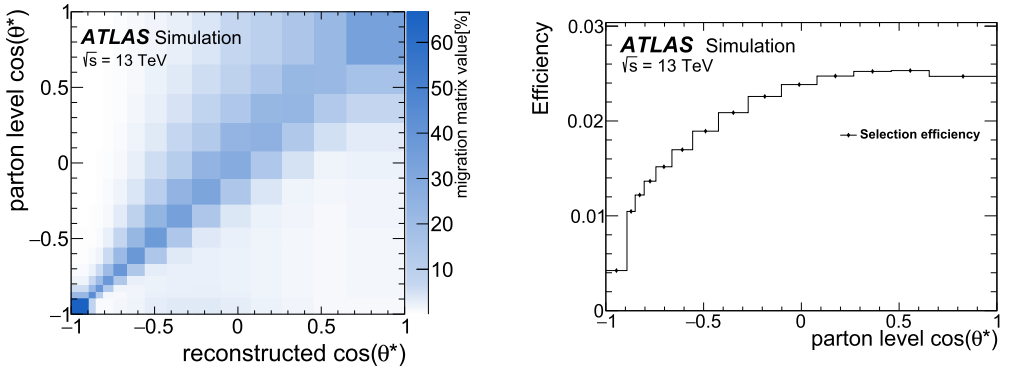

Fig. 2. Migration matrix (Fig. 2(a)) and selection efficiency per bin (Fig. 2(b)). The migration matrix is obtained as a result of the bin optimisation. The entries represent probabilities (expressed as percentages) for an event with $\cos\theta^*$ in bin i at parton level to have reconstructed $\cos\theta^*$ in bin j at detector level. The selection efficiency is calculated with respect to the true $t\bar{t}$ dilepton events in the bin. The error bars on the selection efficiency points are too small to be seen in the distribution.

The differential cross-section is calculated as

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{\mathrm{d}\cos\theta_i^*} = \frac{1}{\mathcal{L}\cdot\Delta X_i\cdot\epsilon_i^{\mathrm{sel}}}\cdot\sum_j R_{ij}^{-1}\cdot(N_j^{\mathrm{obs}}-N_j^{\mathrm{bkg}})$$

where i denotes a bin of the $\cos\theta^*$ distribution, ΔX_i is the width of bin i, $\mathcal{L}$ is the integrated luminosity, and N_j^{obs} and N_j^{bkg} are the observed number of data events and the estimated number of background events in bin j, respectively. The $\epsilon_i^{\mathrm{sel}}$ term corresponds to the probability for a MC-truth event to satisfy the reconstruction and selection criteria. The migration matrix R_{ij}^{-1} maps the binned parton-level events to the binned detector-level events and is derived from simulated $t\bar{t}$ events decaying into dilepton final states, following the procedure described in Ref. [92]. The probability of correct measurement of $\cos\theta^*$ is represented by the diagonal elements of the migration matrix, whereas the off-diagonal elements represent the probability of event migration between those bins.

The impact of the considered systematic uncertainties in the $\cos\theta^*$ distribution, described in Section 8, is estimated using pseudo-data obtained by systematically varying the detector-level distributions predicted by the simulation. Each varied distribution is then unfolded, and the difference between the MC-truth distribution and the unfolded distribution is considered an uncertainty in the unfolded distribution. Different sources of systematic uncertainty are uncorrelated with each other, but each is correlated across the bins.

The binning of the $\cos\theta^*$ distribution is optimised to mitigate statistical fluctuations. It is chosen such that each bin of the detector-level $\cos\theta^*$ distribution contains at least 1.5% of the total number of events and, furthermore, at least 30% of each bin's events originate from the corresponding MC-truth bin. This procedure results in the migration matrix and selection efficiency shown in Fig. 2.

MC simulated events are used to validate the unfolding method and the extraction of the W boson helicity fractions. However, it was found that the MC-truth $\cos\theta^*$ distribution deviates slightly from the quadratic formula in Eq. (1) after the simulation of the parton shower. The formula is followed exactly at the matrix-element level, but the four-momentum-reshuffling in the parton shower generator distorts the distribution at a few per mille level. To circumvent this problem and construct MC samples with well-defined true helicity fractions, the MC-truth $\cos\theta^*$ distribution is reweighted to match the functional form of Eq. (1) when using the values of the helicity fractions calculated at NNLO in QCD [3]. The weights are derived from a ratio of the MC-truth $\cos\theta^*$ distribution with a thousand bins and the analytic function in Eq. (1) with fractions set to the NNLO prediction.

Stress tests to validate the unfolding method are performed using simulated $\cos\theta^*$ distributions representing pure helicity states. These distributions are obtained for each fraction, using the reweighting procedure described in Ref. [14] to obtain $\cos\theta^*$ distributions corresponding to different values of the helicity fractions. Several stressed distributions are constructed with values of helicity fractions in ranges of f_{L} and f_{R} corresponding to 2σ variations of the measured fractions in Ref. [14]. The stressed distributions are unfolded and compared with a similarly stressed parton-level distribution to check the linearity and for potential biases. The latter are minimised by optimising the IBU regularisation parameter that controls the number of iterations in the unfolding algorithm. The optimal value is found to be 180, for which the observed bias is of the order of the expected statistical uncertainty of the measurement. This rather large regularisation parameter is due to the combination of migration matrix having large off-diagonal elements and a non-linear $\cos\theta^*$ distribution.

7. Extraction of the helicity fractions

The helicity fractions are extracted by fitting Eq. (1) to the measured normalised differential cross-section distribution and minimising the χ^2 defined as

$$\chi^2 = \Delta y^{\mathrm{T}} C^{-1} \Delta y, \tag{2}$$

where Δy is a vector containing the differences between the bin yield in data and the value of the function in Eq. (1). Due to the unitarity constraint on the sum of the helicity fractions, the parameter representing one of the fractions is replaced with one minus the sum of the other helicity fractions.

For each bin, the function is evaluated at the point along the horizontal axis where the expected bin yield matches the value of the function defined by Eq. (1). This choice is motivated by the non-linear shape of the analytic function. The matrix C is the covariance matrix

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of the normalised differential cross-section distribution and contains both the statistical and systematic uncertainties. The covariance matrix is generated according to the procedure described in Ref. [92]. Statistical and systematic uncertainties are estimated using 'toy' experiments on the pre-unfolded detector-level $\cos\theta^*$ distribution in data and then propagating the variations to the unfolded distribution. The statistical uncertainty is estimated by applying independent Poisson fluctuations to the individual bins. Systematic uncertainties are estimated using Gaussian smearing of individual bins by the corresponding systematic variation. All of these changes to the distribution are summed in quadrature to estimate the total uncertainty per bin.

Since a normalised distribution is used in the fit, one degree of freedom is removed by removing one bin of the $\cos\theta^*$ distribution from Eq. (2). The minimisation is carried out using the MINUIT program [93]. The parameters representing the helicity fractions are not restricted in the fit, and are allowed to take unphysical values outside of the $[0, 1]$ interval.

Linearity tests of the helicity fraction extraction procedure are performed with stressed distributions generated as described in Section 6. For each stressed distribution, the χ^2 defined by Eq. (2) is minimised with the covariance matrix computed when including only the MC statistical uncertainty, and the extracted values of the helicity fractions are compared with their input values. Any non-closure seen is included as a systematic uncertainty of the measurement.

8. Systematic uncertainties

Systematic uncertainties may affect the selection efficiency for the $t\bar{t}$ signal, the bin migrations, the number of events expected from the background processes, and the shapes of the background distributions. These effects are estimated by varying each source of systematic uncertainty by one standard deviation and considering the resulting deviation from the nominal expectation as the uncertainty. For the extraction of the helicity fractions, the systematic uncertainties enter the covariance matrix that is used in the fit as described in Section 7.

The effects of uncertainties in the modelling of the $t\bar{t}$ signal are estimated by independently varying the renormalisation and factorisation scales in the matrix element by factors of 0.5 and 2, but normalising the signal to the nominal cross-section. A variation of the Var3c parameter of the A14 tune [94], which impacts the renormalisation scale for initial-state radiation, is considered independently. An uncertainty from the final-state radiation modelling is estimated by doubling and halving the nominal renormalisation scale for emissions from the parton shower. The uncertainty due to the choice of the h_{damp} parameter value is estimated by increasing its value by a factor of two and symmetrising the impact. All the $t\bar{t}$ scale variations described above and the h_{damp} variation are referred to as "$t\bar{t}$ radiation" in Table 3. Additionally, an uncertainty due to the choice of parton shower generator is estimated by comparing the nominal MC sample with an alternative MC sample that uses Herwig 7.1.3 [95,96] with the H7UE set of tuned parameters [96] and the MMHT2014lo PDF set [97] instead of the Pythia 8.230 generator. Furthermore, an uncertainty due to the nominal choice of generator is estimated by comparing the nominal prediction with the prediction from MadGraph5_aMC@NLO 2.6.0 [55] interfaced with Herwig 7.1.3. The uncertainty due to using a top-quark mass of 172.5 GeV is estimated by raising and lowering the mass by 0.5 GeV, which is approximately the uncertainty in the measurement of the top-quark mass by the ATLAS Collaboration [98]. The PDF uncertainty is estimated by considering the internal variations of the PDF4LHC [99] PDF set. For all $t\bar{t}$ modelling uncertainties, all predictions are reweighted to match the NNLO helicity fractions in the full phase-space as described in Section 6. The impact of the limited size of the simulated samples on the extraction of the helicity fractions is negligible.

For the tW process, effects of uncertainties in the renormalisation and factorisation scales, the Var3c parameter value in the A14 tune, and final-state radiation modelling are estimated following the same procedure as used for the $t\bar{t}$ signal. Additionally, an uncertainty due to the nominal choice of parton shower and hadronisation generator is estimated by comparing the nominal MC prediction with a prediction using Herwig 7.0.4 instead of the Pythia 8.230 generator. An uncertainty due to the choice of generator is estimated by comparing distributions from MadGraph5_aMC@NLO 2.6.0 with the nominal ones from Powheg Box v2. Furthermore, an uncertainty due to the overlap between the tW and $t\bar{t}$ processes is estimated by comparing samples using the diagram removal scheme with those using the diagram subtraction scheme [41].

An uncertainty of 5.3%, estimated from the scale and PDF variations [42], is applied to the tW background normalisation. A conservative 50% cross-section uncertainty is used for $t\bar{t}V$, $t\bar{t}H$, Z+jets, and VV production and for processes with non-prompt leptons. This conservative uncertainty was found to have negligible impact on the final result.

An uncertainty of 1.7% in the integrated luminosity is considered for all processes [100]. The uncertainty due to pile-up is determined by varying the average number of interactions per bunch-crossing by 3% in the simulation. Uncertainties in the calibration, reconstruction and identification of the different reconstructed objects are also considered. For electrons and muons, these include the uncertainties in the measured SFs for triggering, reconstruction, identification and isolation [69,70,79,80], as well as in the electron- and muon-momentum calibration and resolution [69,81]. For hadronic jets, the uncertainties in the jet energy scale (JES) [82] and jet energy resolution (JER) [83], as well as the uncertainties in the SFs for the JVT [84] and the tagging of jets as b-jets [76,85,86], are considered. All uncertainties associated with reconstructed objects are propagated to the $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ and an uncertainty in the soft term is also considered [78]. The JES and JER uncertainties are determined using a model with 30 and 8 independent components, respectively. The uncertainties in the b-tagging calibration include nine/five/five independent variations for the b-/c-/light-jet calibrations and two components for the MC-based uncertainty extrapolation to very high p_{T} jets.

9. Results

Fig. 3(a) shows unfolded $\cos\theta^*$ differential distribution with statistical and total uncertainties compared with the prediction of $t\bar{t}$ MC simulation. The unfolded normalised $\cos\theta^*$ distribution along with the fit function used to measure the helicity fractions f_0, f_{L} and f_{R} is shown in Fig. 3(b). In the fit, f_{L} and f_{R} are free parameters and the f_0 parameter is set to $f_0 = 1 - f_{\text{L}} - f_{\text{R}}$ to preserve the unitarity of the sum of the three parameters. The helicity fractions are found to be

$$f_0 = \quad 0.684 \pm 0.005\,(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.014\,(\text{syst.}),$$
$$f_{\text{L}} = \quad 0.318 \pm 0.003\,(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.008\,(\text{syst.}),$$
$$f_{\text{R}} = -0.002 \pm 0.002\,(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.014\,(\text{syst.}),$$

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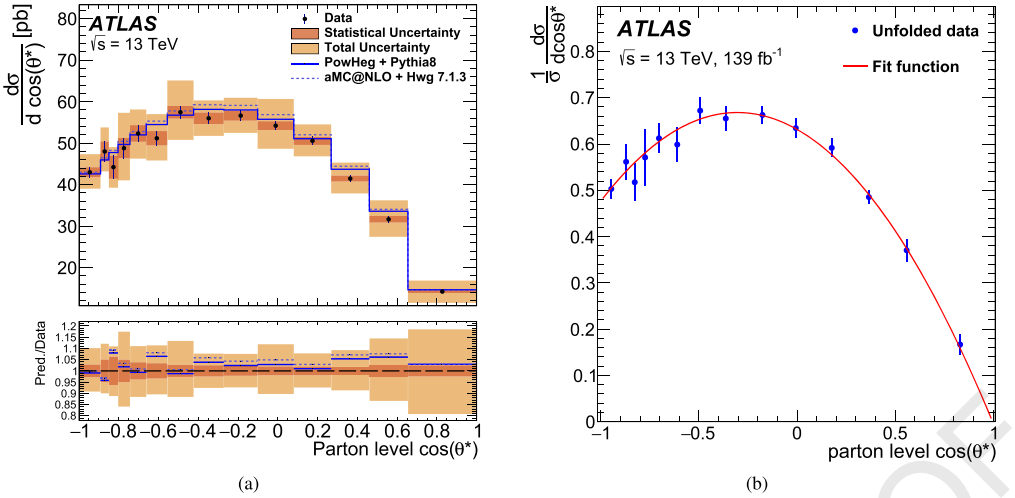

Fig. 3. The unfolded $\cos\theta^*$ differential distribution (Fig. 3(a)) and the unfolded normalised $\cos\theta^*$ distribution (Fig. 3(b)). The total statistical and systematic uncertainty per bin is shown in Fig. 3(a). The parton-level distribution predicted by POWHEG BOX interfaced with PYTHIA is shown. An uncertainty originating from the limited number of simulated events is included in the prediction but is not visible. The unfolded normalised $\cos\theta^*$ distribution in data is shown with the function of Eq. (1) overlaid, using the helicity fractions f_0, f_L and f_R determined from the fit. The total uncertainties are shown on data points.

Table 2
Covariance matrix and correlation matrix for the measured helicity fractions.

	Covariance			Correlation		
	f_0	f_L	f_R	f_0	f_L	f_R
f_0	2.125×10^{-4}	-3.665×10^{-5}	-1.758×10^{-4}	1	−0.308	−0.841
f_L	-3.665×10^{-5}	6.651×10^{-5}	-2.986×10^{-5}	−0.308	1	−0.255
f_R	-1.758×10^{-4}	-2.986×10^{-5}	2.057×10^{-4}	−0.841	−0.255	1

with the covariance and correlation matrices of the fit shown in Table 2. The difference in the magnitude of the statistical uncertainty on the three helicity fractions is caused by the negative statistical correlations between the fractions. The χ^2 divided by the number of degrees of freedom of the fit is 0.267, demonstrating good agreement between the fitted functional form and data corrected to parton level. The covariance matrix is estimated from a 2×2 matrix obtained directly from the fit, with a third row and column calculated analytically from the unitarity constraint on the helicity fractions. The obtained values and uncertainties, including the covariance matrix, do not change if any two of the parameters are chosen as free parameters and the third one is calculated analytically.

The expected uncertainties in the helicity fraction obtained from a fit to the MC predictions are identical to the measured uncertainties.

As a further test of the unfolding procedure, a $\cos\theta^*$ distribution is generated in the Monte Carlo, based on the measured values of the helicity fractions; this distribution is unfolded, helicity fractions are extracted, and compared to the input values. A small degree of non-closure is observed but the corresponding uncertainty is negligible and does not change the total uncertainties listed in Table 3.

The impact of different categories of systematic uncertainty and the data's statistical uncertainty on the f_0, f_L and f_R measurement is summarised in Table 3. They are estimated by generating a covariance matrix which includes all sources of uncertainty except for the considered category and repeating the fit. The considered category contributes an uncertainty whose square is the difference of the squares of nominal-fit and repeated-fit symmetrised total uncertainties for each helicity fraction. The systematic uncertainty dominates the total uncertainty for all three helicity fractions. The largest systematic uncertainty in all three helicity fractions arises from the modelling of $t\bar{t}$ production, and is dominated by the uncertainty from the choice of matrix-element generator. Other significant uncertainties come from the jet energy scale and resolution as well as electron and muon reconstruction.

The impact on the extracted helicity fractions arising from the mis-modeling of the top-quark p_T distribution in the MC simulation was tested by correcting the top-quark p_T in simulation to match the calculation at NNLO in QCD with NLO electroweak corrections [101]. No significant effect on the expected uncertainty was observed.

10. Conclusion

A measurement of the W boson helicity fractions using $t\bar{t}$ events in the dilepton final state is presented. It used data from 13 TeV pp collisions collected by the ATLAS detector at the LHC, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 139 fb^{-1}. The fractions are extracted from the normalised differential cross-section distribution of $\cos\theta^*$ corrected to the parton level. This provides a complementary measurement of the helicity fractions to the previously published ATLAS results. The measured fractions of longitudinal, left- and right-handed polarisation states are found to be $f_0 = 0.684 \pm 0.005$ (stat.) ± 0.014 (syst.), $f_L = 0.318 \pm 0.003$ (stat.) ± 0.008 (syst.) and $f_R = -0.002 \pm 0.002$ (stat.) ± 0.014 (syst.), in agreement within one standard deviation with the Standard Model calculation at NNLO in QCD.

Declaration of competing interest

The authors declare that they have no known competing financial interests or personal relationships that could have appeared to influence the work reported in this paper.

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Table 3
Impact of different categories of systematic uncertainty and the data's statistical uncertainty on the f_0, f_L and f_R measurement. The squares of the quoted numbers are evaluated as the difference of the squares of the nominal-fit total uncertainties (quoted in the last row) and those extracted from a fit using a covariance matrix including all sources of uncertainty except for the considered category. In the fits with partial covariance matrices, the best-fit values for the helicity fractions differ between the fits with the full covariance matrix by up to a quarter of the total uncertainty. The shifts in the best-fit values impact the precision of the uncertainty estimate for the categories. The total uncertainty is different from the sum in quadrature of the different components because of correlations between different uncertainties entering the covariance matrix.

Category	σ_{f_0}	σ_{f_L}	σ_{f_R}
Detector modelling			
Jet reconstruction	0.008	0.004	0.010
Flavour tagging	0.003	0.001	0.001
Electron reconstruction	0.003	0.002	0.002
Muon reconstruction	0.003	0.003	$< 10^{-3}$
E_T^{miss} (soft term)	$< 10^{-3}$	0.002	$< 10^{-3}$
Pile-up	0.002	0.002	$< 10^{-3}$
Luminosity	0.001	0.001	$< 10^{-3}$
Signal and background modelling			
$t\bar{t}$ generator choice	0.009	0.004	0.004
$t\bar{t}$ parton shower/hadronisation	0.003	0.001	0.002
$t\bar{t}$ radiation	0.007	0.002	0.007
Top-quark mass	0.005	0.003	0.007
PDF	0.002	0.001	$< 10^{-3}$
Single top production	$< 10^{-3}$	0.002	$< 10^{-3}$
Other background	0.002	0.001	$< 10^{-3}$
Total systematic uncertainty	0.014	0.008	0.014
Data statistical uncertainty	0.005	0.003	0.002
Total uncertainty	0.015	0.008	0.014

Data availability

The data for this manuscript are not available. The values in the plots and tables associated to this article are stored in HEPDATA (https://hepdata.cedar.ac.uk).

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