



Fuel Cells & Hydrogen – Research Needs in Times of Technology Roll-Out

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Centre of Fuel Cell & Hydrogen Research



Hydrogen production

- from renewables, green hydrogen
- high efficiency electrolysis
- synthetic fuels



FC integration

- LDV/HDV, off-road vehicles
- marine & rail
- aircraft, UAV

PEFC development

- reduction of platinum loading (e.g. using nano particles, μ -organisms etc.)
- increase in operating temperature (IT-PEFC)
- optimisation of components (BiP coatings, GDL, etc.)



SOFC development:

- planar and microtubes
- fuel impurity tolerance
- improved internal reforming of HC
- reducing degradation & improving lifetime

Socio-economic studies

- understanding FC market uptake
- environmental impact assessment
- nano-particle health impact



Centre of Fuel Cell & Hydrogen Research and Centre of Doctoral Training (CDT)



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35 PhD students, 5 post-docs, 5 staff

Starting Oct 2021: blended learning (online) MSc
programme in Fuel Cells and Hydrogen Technologies



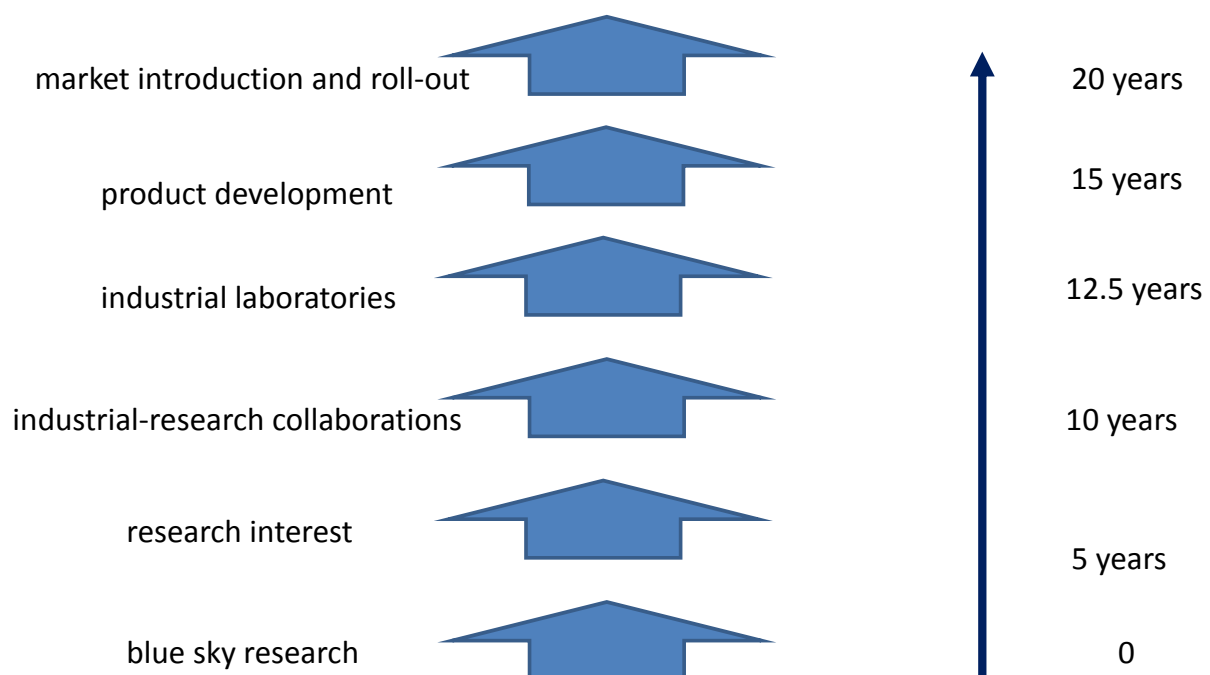
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Introducing New Technologies



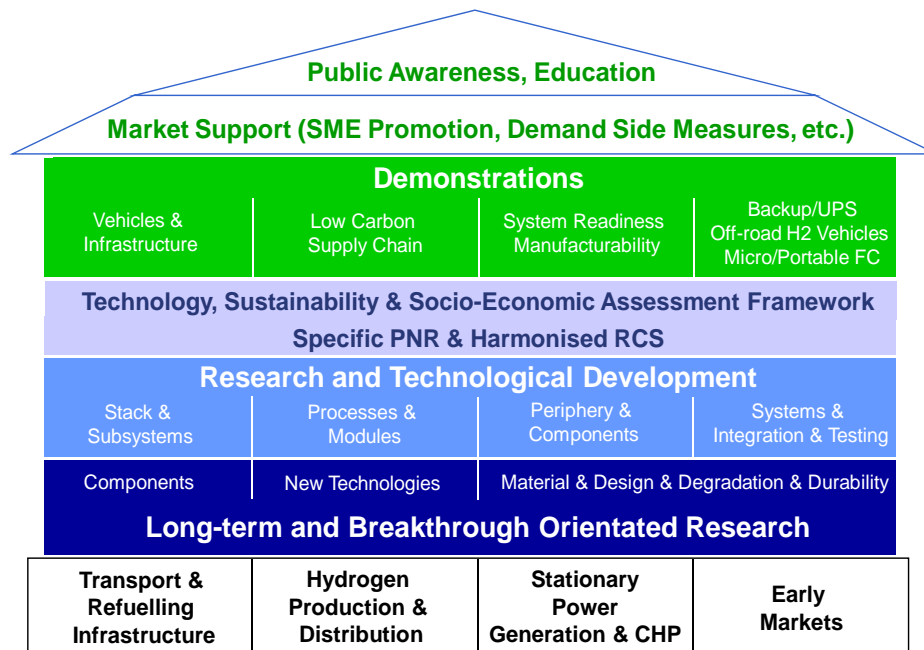
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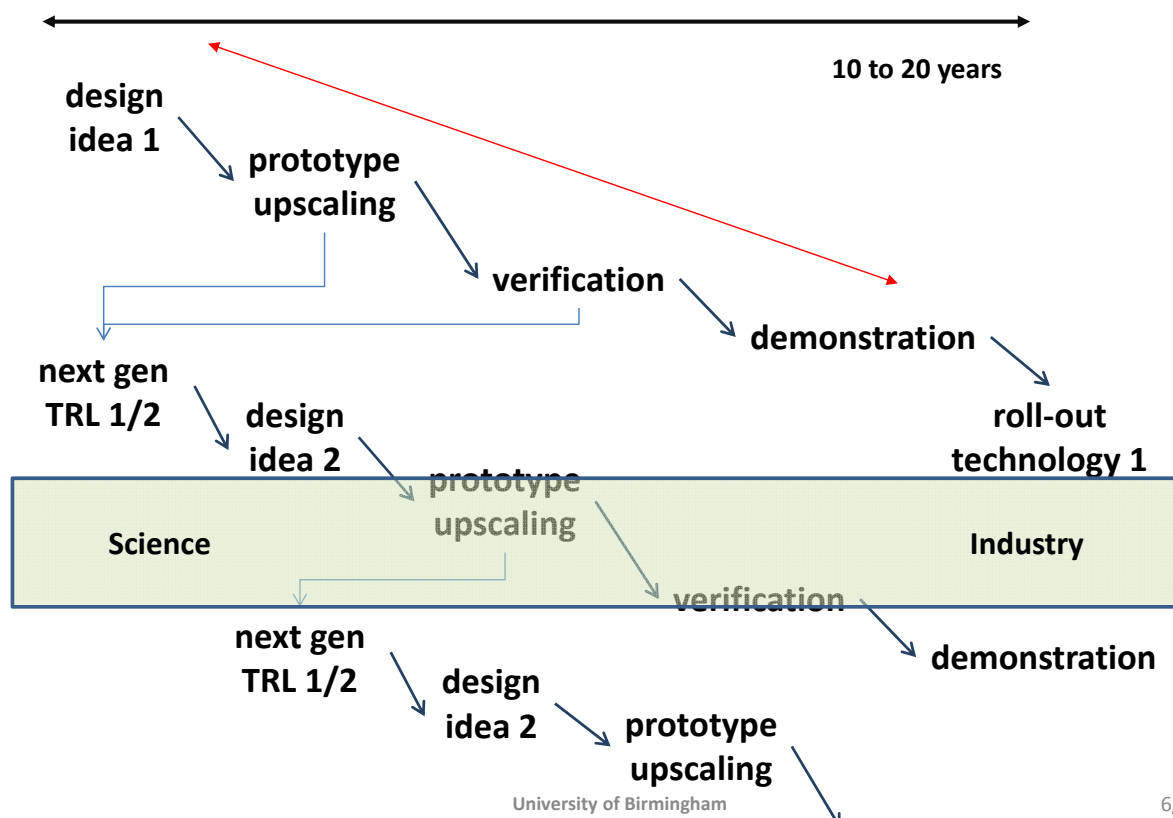
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FP 7 EU-Approach FCH JU

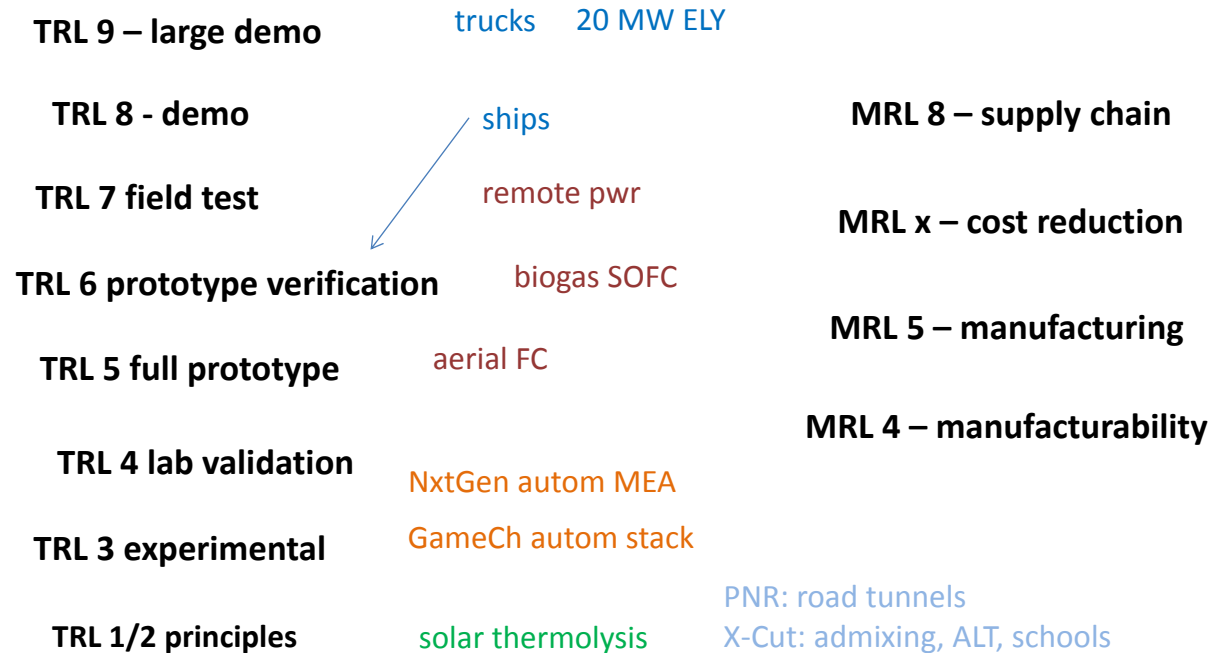



Technology Development Phasing





EU Technology Development Ladder






PURECELL® FUEL CELL SYSTEM


Flexible fuel cell application and varied experience

Assured Power




*First National Bank of Omaha
Nebraska*

On-Line Emergency Power




*Verizon Communications
New York*

Green CHP Power




*Whole Foods Market
Connecticut*

Renewable Fuel (ADG)




*Wastewater treatment plants
New York, New York*

Indoor CHP Power




*Mohegan Sun Resort & Casino
Connecticut*

Off-Grid Power



*Central Park Police Station
New York*



UTC Power
A United Technologies Company

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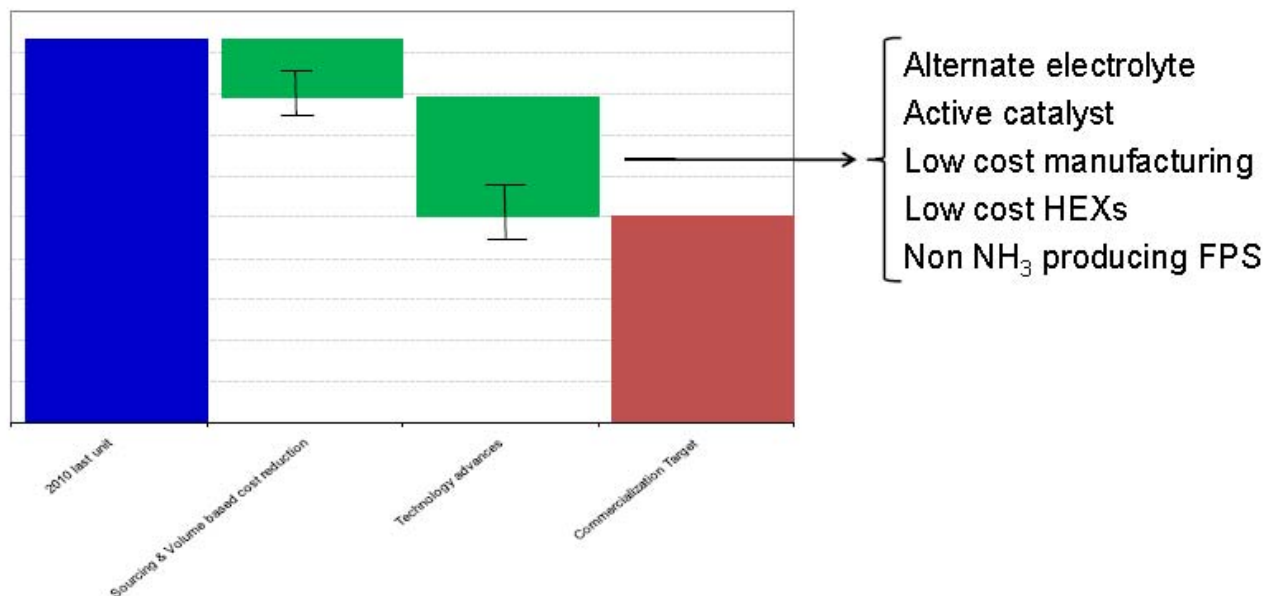
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PURECELL® FUEL CELL SYSTEM

Powerplant cost

Cost reduction



Significant technology advances are required to meet commercialization targets



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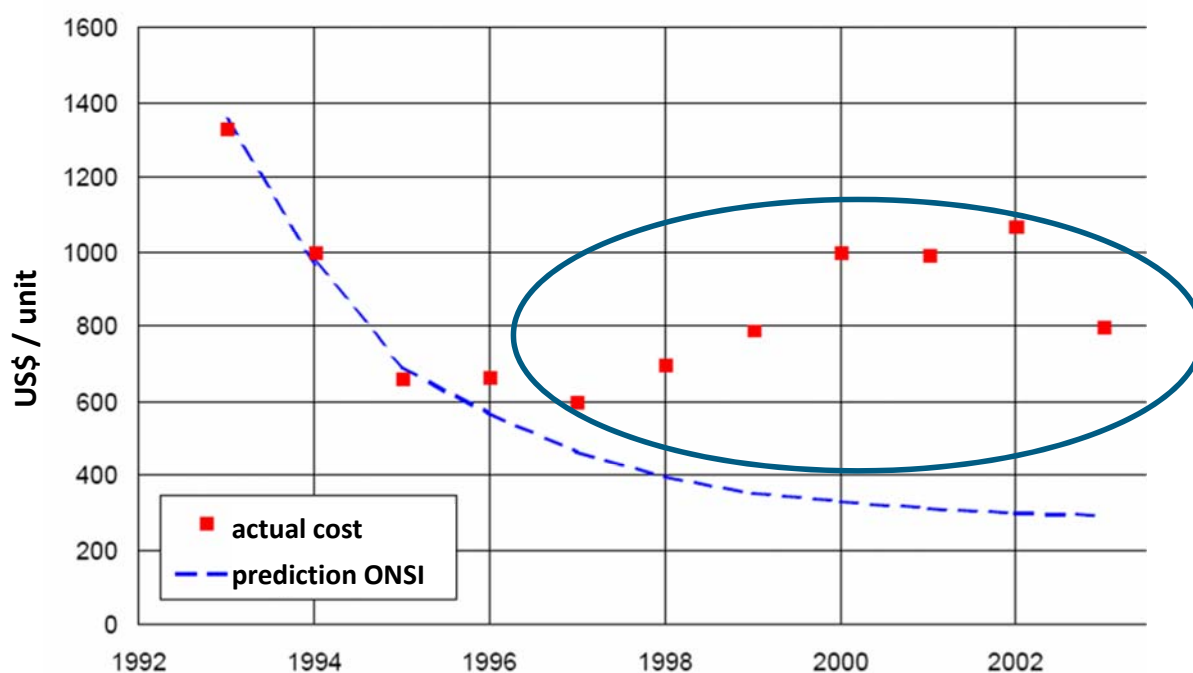
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Cost development PAFC Purecell



source: Pehnt

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HotModule European Sites

- total number 14
- electrical efficiency 47%
- accumulated operating time > 170.000 h

Cartagena/Spain



24.211 h



status June 2006
black: shut down

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slide material courtesy MTU
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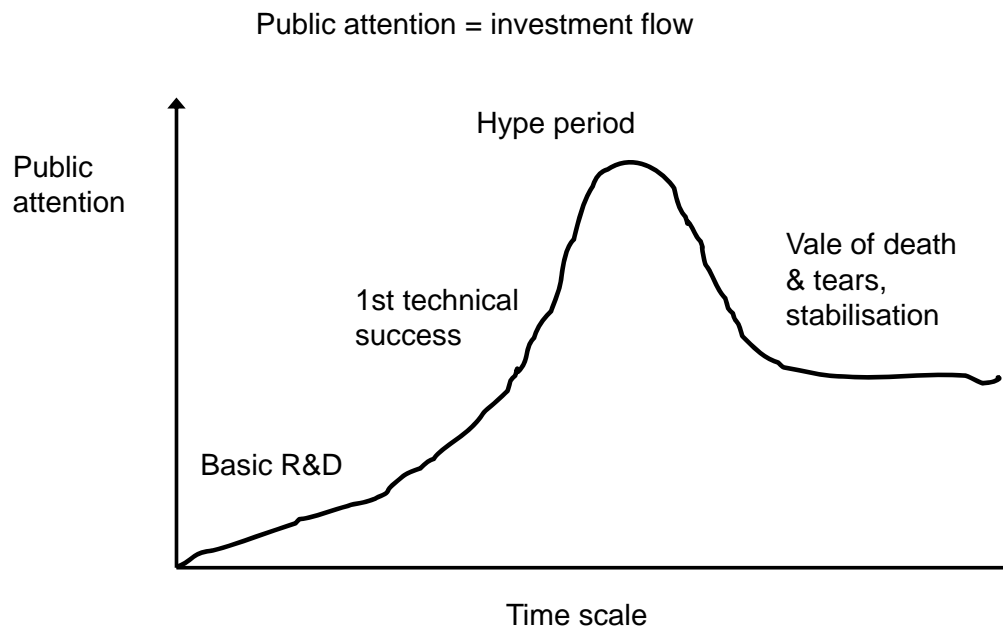
CUTE Project Sites – incl. Iceland & Australia



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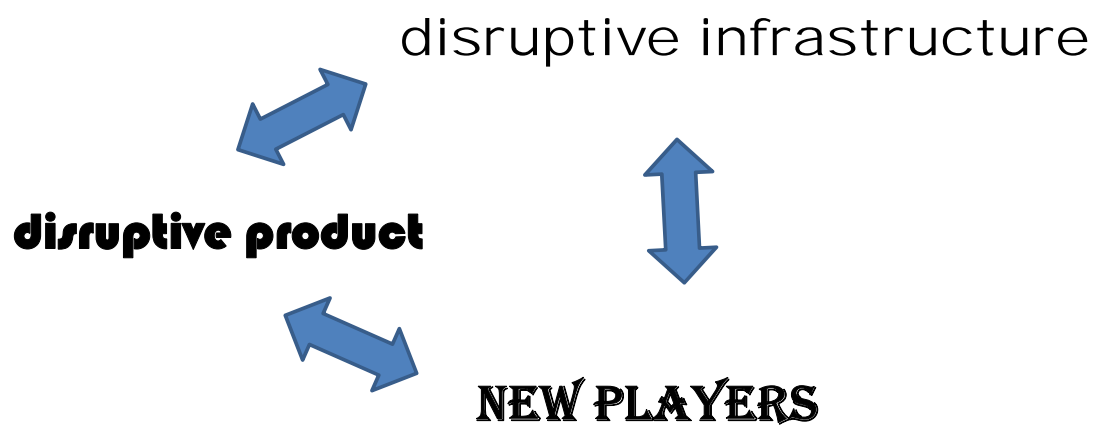
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Hype-Cycles

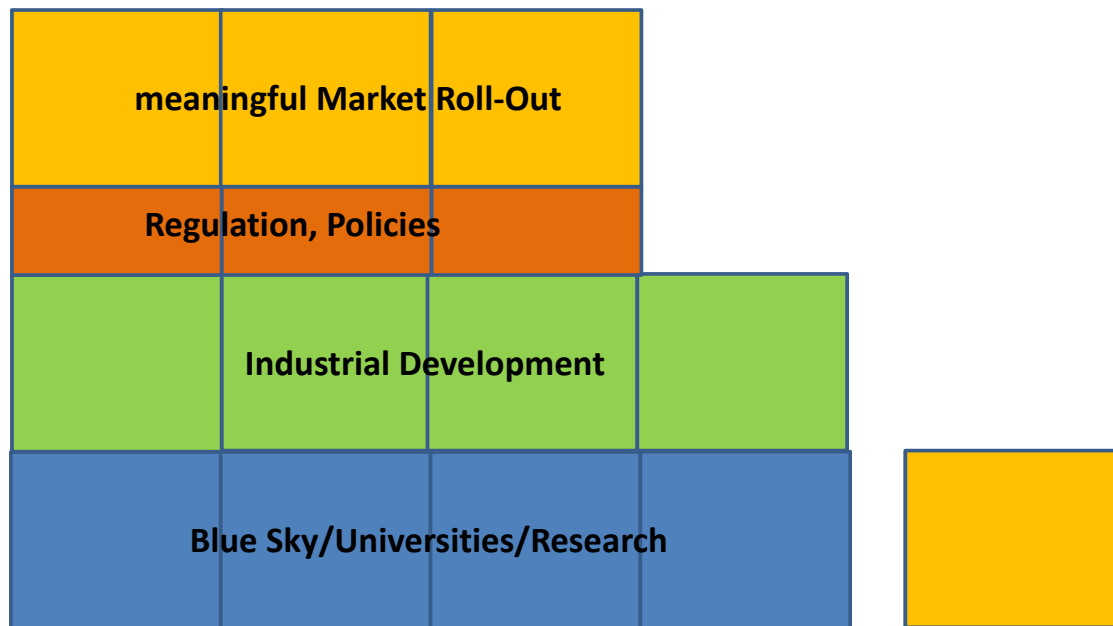


According to Ph.Doran

Disruptive Technology



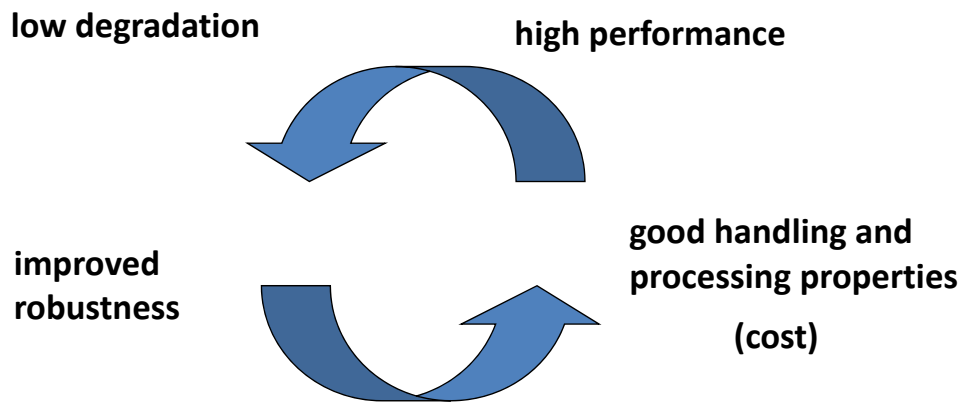
The Lemmings Principle



What Happens When Industry Roll-Out and Science Get Disconnected?

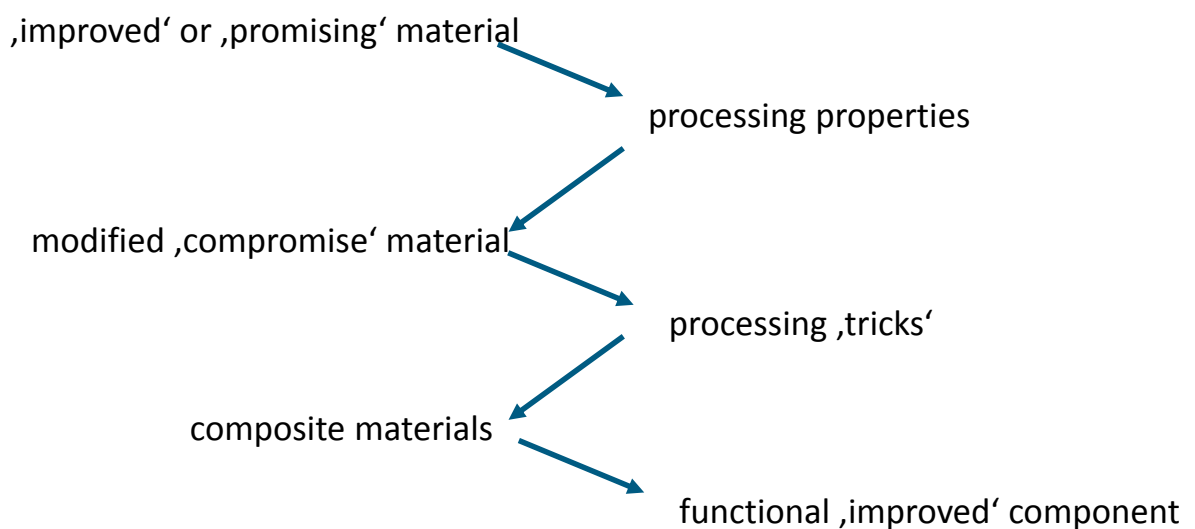
- lack of supporting university creativity
 - decrease in publications → less interest in the scientific community, no awareness of issues
 - divergence in research topics
 - no kick-off in development of next and next-but-one generations of technology
 - subsequent lack of serendipity, and SME and supplier-base input
- industry needs to support a certain level of 'free research' and demo/field test projects need to publicise results

Consolation of Conflicting Properties



for instance:
redox stable materials (SrTi, LSMC),
with low conductivity and brittle structure

Interaction of Materials Developers and Manufacturers



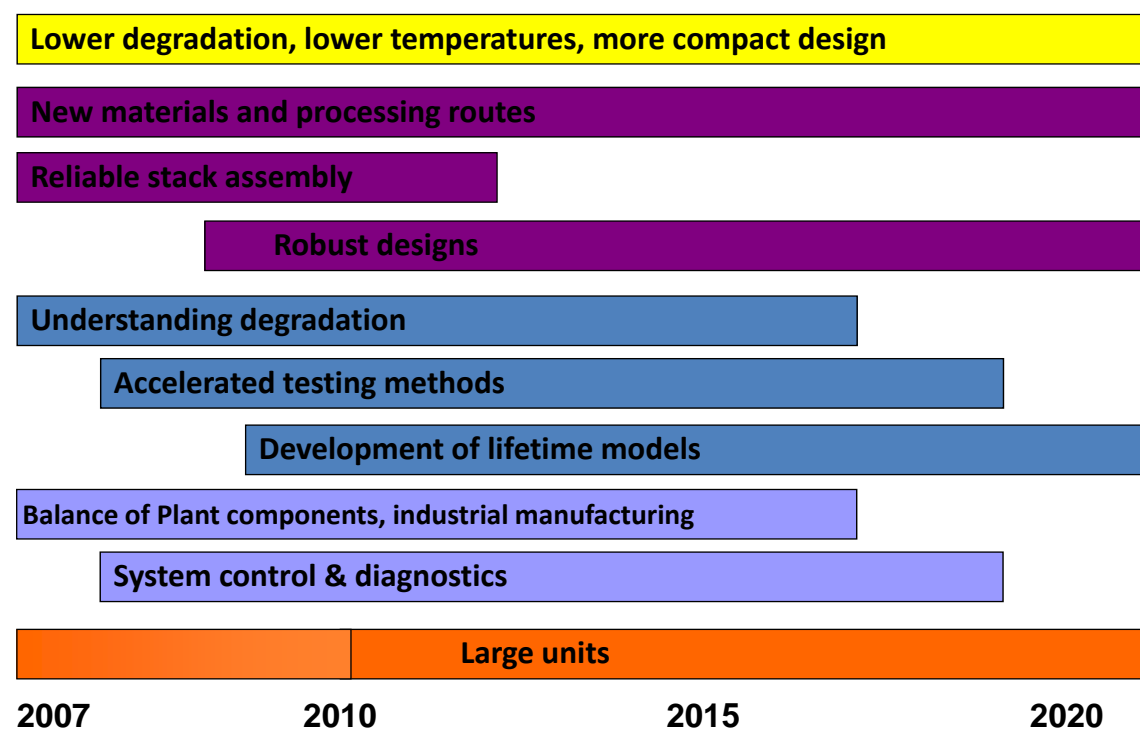
building a bridge from materials research to component manufacturing

Development Aim: Increased Stack Lifetime

- **long-term stable** electrode materials
 - * thermodynamically stable, or slow stabilisation kinetics, slow de-mixing and volatisation
 - * low tendency to particle agglomeration
 - * high inner surface and porosity
 - * high electrical and ionic conductivity
 - * low/no reactivity with other stack materials
- **long-term stable** electrolytes
- **long-term stable** interconnect materials
- protective **coatings** for steels
- **methodologies**: accelerated testing
- **operational strategies**: keeping the system happy

materials
developme
nt topics

Future Focus of European SOFC Development



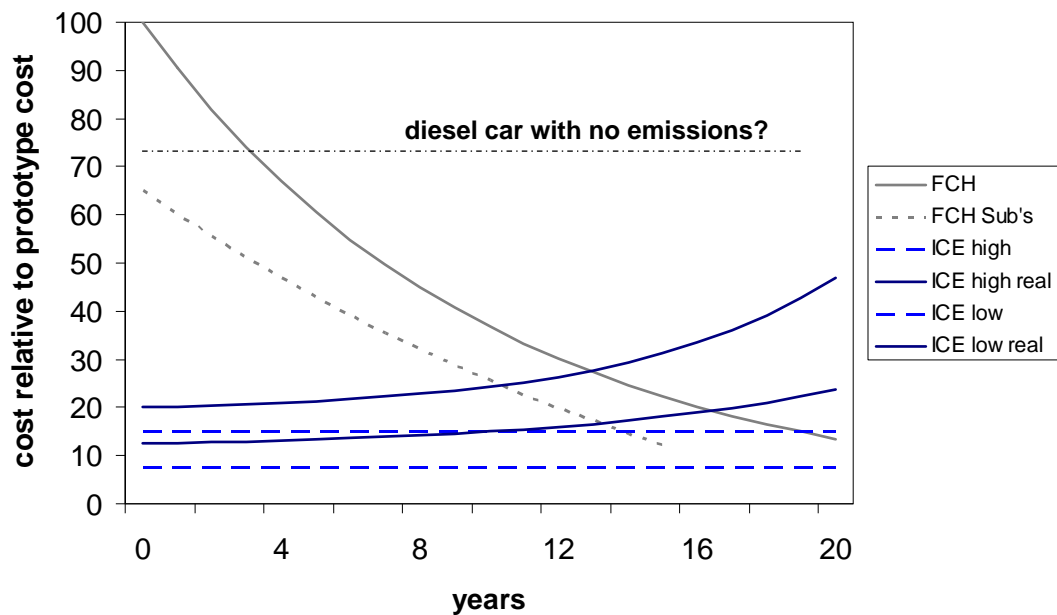
R&D Development Goals

- **Materials**
 - currently **best performing** materials have already been known for many years (no surprises)
 - optimisation with respect to processing and **cost** necessary
 - **Lifetime** is still insufficient (but: trade-off with cost)
 - **breakthroughs** are nevertheless necessary (new materials integrated with processing and manufacturing)
- **RTD challenges**
 - **purpose-designed** materials incl. *ab-initio* understanding
 - **low-cost**, standardised, mass-production oriented manufacturing
 - extended **lifetime** of components, **robustness**
 - sufficient testing capacity for reliably & rapidly predicting materials performance (**optimisation loops!**)

What Happens When Industry Roll-Out and Regulatory and Economic Framework Disconnect?

- 'surprise' at high cost of hydrogen
 - lack of level playing field destroys immediate economic prospects
 - lack of immediate customers due to high initial cost destroy interest of management
 - lack of follow-up investments due to lack of credible business cases
- level playing field approach to energy cost and environmental costing is a requirement for market roll-out

Cost Projections – Moving Targets



free market vs. regulatory vs. subsidy approach

Dominance of 'Large Scale' Projects

- there is a continued confusion about 'field tests' (necessary to prove technology) and 'demo' (public demonstration – but often used as a replacement market introduction tool)
- demo projects have been used to 'spark off' developments – certainly rather successfully although projects are often 'one of a kind' (novelty-based)
- result 1: only first runners are funded by and large, predominately large OEMs
- result 2: all the large bus demos since 1999 were based on one OEM who still does not have a commercial product; second runners have now taken over through the repeated demo projects -> can this be justified?

Learn to Walk Before You Run

- stop the large scale demos – this is the task for dedicated market introduction tools
- create scope for ‘repetition’ projects/topics to get on board more, different and smaller industry; esp. thinking of low TRL, ‘NextGen’, ‘Game Changer’ and ‘Disruptive’ projects
- more preparation for the market in the sense of ‘market readiness’ instead of only TRL (building supply chains and reducing costs); introduce MRL KPI’s
- more alignment with e-mobility and renewable energy/storage programmes (such as within NOW in Germany), also thinking of hybrid systems with batteries

Summary

Hydrogen (less so fuel cells) is a ‘hype’ topic currently.

In order to avoid disappointment

- product development needs to be sufficiently supported by (free) research,
- the regulatory framework needs to reflect the environmental benefits,
- sustainable business cases need to be clearly visible,
- public funds are required for market introduction support and supporting research, not for large scale ‘demonstration’ projects.



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Upcoming events:

Fuel Cell & Electrolyser Degradation Workshop, 5 May 2021, Webinar.

Fuel Cell Systems Workshop – 19/21 May 2021, Bruges, Belgium (?).

**EFCF 2021 – Low Temperature Fuel Cells, Electrolysers, and
Hydrogen Handling – 29 June to 2 July 2021, Lucerne, Switzerland.**

**JESS 2021 – Joint European Summer School,
6 to 12 & 13 to 18 Sept 2021, Athens.**

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